

National Maternity Collection (MAT)

Data Mart Data Dictionary

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National Maternity Collection

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Introduction

Objectives	The objectives of the Ministry of Health ('the Ministry') Data Dictionaries are to:
	 describe the information available within the National Collections
	 promote uniformity, availability and consistency across the National Collections
	 support the use of nationally agreed protocols and standards wherever possible
	 promote national standard definitions and make them available to users.
	It is hoped that the greater level of detail along with clear definitions of the business rules around each element will assist with providing and using the data.
Audiences	The target audiences for Data Dictionaries are data providers, software developers, and data users.
Format	All data element definitions in the Data Dictionaries are presented in a format based on the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare National Health Data Dictionary. This dictionary is based on the ISO/IEC Standard 11179 <i>Specification and Standardization of Data</i> <i>Elements</i> —the international standard for defining data elements issued by the International Organization for Standardization and the International Electrotechnical Commission.
	The format is described in detail in the appendices of this dictionary.
	dictoriary.
Changes to dictionary format	A more rigorous approach to record changes in the data elements has been introduced in these dictionaries along with background material on the features of time-series data for each element.
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National Maternity Collection

Purpose	The National Maternity Collection (MAT) provides statistical, demographic and clinical information about selected publicly-funded maternity services up to nine months before and three months after a birth. MAT is used for strategy and policy development, supporting clinical intervention, maternity service evaluation and quality assurance, to assist clinical governance and for research.
Content	MAT integrates health information from two sources. MAT contains data on primary maternity services provided under Section 88 of the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000. This information is sourced from Lead Maternity Carer (LMC) claims for payment. MAT also contains inpatient and day-patient health event data during pregnancy, birth and the postnatal period for mother and baby, sourced from the National Minimum Dataset (NMDS).
Coverage	NMDS coverage of publicly funded antenatal, delivery (mother), birth (baby) and postnatal events is complete from July 2000.
	Coverage of claims-sourced primary maternity services information is 95% of known births from July 2002 to June 2007. From July 2007, coverage is 80% of known births. Due to a funding change DHB-employed midwifery teams no longer submit claims to the Ministry of Health for the primary maternity services they provide. Coverage from July 2007 differs significantly by DHB of service.
Start date	NMDS information is complete from July 2000.
	Claims information is loaded from 1996 and is complete from July 2002.
Guide for use	Each pregnancy that results in the delivery of a live born baby or a stillborn baby of at least 20 weeks of gestation is uniquely identified in MAT through a combination of the woman's NHI number and delivery date. A woman is only assigned a unique pregnancy ID when a delivery is identified in at least one source system and a valid NHI number and full delivery date are known.
	Each live born baby is uniquely identified in MAT by NHI number.
	MAT does not contain details of stillborn babies, as most stillborn babies are not assigned a National Health Index (NHI) number at birth and are not reported to the NMDS. Information about stillbirths is included in the Mortality Collection.
	A link between mother and baby is present from January 2002 and becomes stable at 97% coverage from 2003.
	Health event information loaded from NMDS includes all maternity events in public hospitals, plus publicly-funded events in private hospitals and primary birthing units. All deliveries and births in these facilities have been reported to the Ministry of Health for the full time-period contained in MAT.
	Primary maternity services data quality is variable. The clinical meaning of claims must be inferred as the records in the source system relate to payment for a service rather than to a clinical treatment or event. An improvement in the quality of claims data is noted from July 2007.
	The changes to claim forms and claim rules resulting from the July 2002 and July 2007 revisions to the Section 88 Notice affect the scope of clinical information and primary maternity service modules in MAT. Users should interpret changes in trends of primary maternity service provision around these dates with care.
Contact information	For further information about this collection or to request specific datasets or reports, contact the Ministry of Health Analytical Services team on ph: (04) 469 2000, fax (04) 816 2898, e-mail data-enquiries@moh.govt.nz, or visit the Ministry of Health web site www.moh.govt.nz.

Collection methods	Primary maternity services information is reported to the Ministry of Health on standard forms by Lead Maternity Carers, GPs and specialists. This data is entered into the Ministry of Health maternity claims system. The data can also be submitted online via Online Maternity Claiming (OMC).
	Publicly-funded hospital event information is provided to the Ministry of Health in an agreed electronic file format for public and larger private hospitals. Paper forms and a cut-down electronic file format are forwarded by smaller private facilities and primary birthing units and are manually processed by the Ministry of Health.
Frequency of updates	MAT receives weekly extracts from the NMDS, NHI and the Ministry of Health maternity claims system.
Security of data	MAT is only accessed by authorised staff for maintenance, data quality, audit and analytical purposes.
	Requests for information can be made to the Analytical Services team using the contact information above.
Privacy issues	When a woman registers with a Lead Maternity Carer she signs a waiver that allows health data to be used for research under the Health Information Privacy Code 1994. The Ministry of Health is required to ensure that the release of information meets the conditions of any legislation related to the privacy of health information, in particular the Official Information Act 1982, the Privacy Act 1993, the Health Information Privacy Code 1994.
	Information available to the general public is of a statistical and non-identifiable nature. Access to identifiable information is restricted. Adoption legislation places more rigorous restrictions on release of this information than standard health information privacy legislation. Each case for identifiable data release will be considered separately. In addition, researchers requiring identifiable data will usually need approval from an approved Ethics Committee.
National reports and publications	MAT is the primary source of data for the Annual Report on Maternity produced by the Ministry of Health. This is available in hard copy and on the Ministry of Health web site www.moh.govt.nz. In addition Ministry of Health publishes selected provisional maternity data to facilitate planning and service reviews in a timely manner.
Data provision	Customised datasets or summary reports are available on request, either electronically or on paper. Staff from the Ministry of Health Analytical Services team can help to define the specifications for a request and are familiar with the strengths and weaknesses of the data. As some data elements have been added or deleted, consistent time-series data may not be able to be provided.
	The Ministry of Health Analytical Services team also offers a peer review service to ensure that Ministry of Health data is reported appropriately when published by other organisations.
	There may be charges associated with data extracts.

MAT Birth table

Table name	dim_mat_birth
Definition	This table contains a record for each birth.
Primary key	dim_mat_birth_key
Business key	MAT birth key
Guide for use	
Relational rules	 This table is linked to the following tables MAT Pregnancy Fact MAT Aggregate Birth Fact MAT Aggregate Pregnancy

Data content

Birth end date

Definition	The end date of the baby perinatal period
Column name	birth_end_date
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Date of birth + 92 days
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	This is the end of the period in which LMC services and hospital events are held for a baby in MAT
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Birth identified in BMM

Definition	A flag indicating that the baby has been identified in the Baby Mother Mapping file
Column name	birth_identified_bmm
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	Data Management Services, MOH

Birth identified in HBL

Definition	A flag indicating that the baby has been identified in the HBL source system
Column name	birth_identified_hbl
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	HBL (Health Benefits Limited) is the legacy system in which Section 88 Claims data is housed until mid-2004.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Birth identified in NMDS

Definition	A flag indicating that the baby has been identified in the NMDS and meets NMDS Birth Event criteria
Column name	birth_identified_nmd
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	Indicates baby was born in hospital or was subsequently admitted following non-hospital birth.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Birth identified in ORD

Definition	A flag indicating that the birth has been identified in the ORD (claims) system.
Column name	birth_identified_ord
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	ORD (Operational Reporting Database) is the current system in which Section 88 Claims data is housed. ORD holds claims data from mid- 2004 onwards.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Birth start date

Definition	The start date of the baby perinatal period.
Column name	birth_start_date
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Equal to birth date.
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	This is the start of the period in which LMC services and hospital events are held for a baby in MAT.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date of birth

Definition	Date of birth of the baby
Column name	date_of_birth
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT birth key

Definition	Generated artificial key for the MAT Birth table
Column name	dim_mat_birth_key
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	number(38)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Uniquely identifies a baby in MAT. One to one relationship with NHI as each baby only in MAT once. Birth key can change upon MAT load so should not be used as the only unique identifier.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT pregnancy key

Definition	A unique key to identify a pregnancy
Column name	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Table name	dim_mat_birth
Data type	number(38)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Uniquely identifies a distinct pregnancy in MAT. May have a many-to- one relationship with NHI as a woman may have more than one pregnancy over time.
	Pregnancy key is generated from NHI and delivery date but can change upon MAT load so should not be used as the only unique identifier.
	Pregnancy key is held against all claim records and hospital events occurring within the pregnancy start date and pregnancy end date.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT Claim Activity table

Table name	dim_mat_claim_activity
Definition	A reference table containing a list of claim activity codes and descriptions
Primary key	dim_mat_claim_activity_key
Business key	Activity Code
Guide for use	
Relational rules	
Data content	

Activity Code

Definition	Activity code is the concatenated service code and service item from Claims data.
Column name	activity_code
Table name	dim_mat_claim_activity
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Activity code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Activity codes change at July 2007 where the Section 88 Notice was revised.
	Each claim module may generate multiple activities. An activity can be a service, a count or a record of clinical information.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Definition	Text description of Activity code.
Column name	activity_description
Table name	dim_mat_claim_activity
Data type	varchar2(50)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Activity code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Collection methods Related data	

MAT Claim Item Status table

Table name	dim_mat_claim_item_status
Definition	A reference table containing a list of claim status codes and and item status codes including their descriptions
Primary key	dim_mat_claim_item_status
Business key	Claim status code Item status code
Guide for use	Used to identify and exclude claims that have not been accepted or paid.
Relational rules	
Data content	

Claim	status	code
-------	--------	------

Definition	The payment status code of the entire module claim.
Column name	claim_status_code
Table name	dim_mat_claim_item_status
Data type	varchar2(3)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Claim Item Status code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Claim	status	name
-------	--------	------

Definition	The payment status of the entire module claim.
Column name	claim_status_name
Table name	dim_mat_claim_item_status
Data type	varchar2(20)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Claim Item Status code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Collection methods Related data	

Item status coo	
Definition	The payment status code of items within the module claim.
Column name	item_status_code
Table name	dim_mat_claim_item_status
Data type	varchar2(3)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Claim Item Status code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Source organisation

	Item	status	name
--	------	--------	------

Definition	The payment status of items within the module claim.
Column name	item_status_name
Table name	dim_mat_claim_item_status
Data type	varchar2(20)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Claim Item Status code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Course accument	

MAT HBL Provider table

Table name	dim_mat_hbl_provider
Definition	A reference table containing provider information where the claim is held in the HBL legacy system.
Primary key	dim_mat_provider_type_key, dim_mat_provider_occ_key, provider_id, provider_type_id, dim_mat_hbl_provider_key
Business key	
Guide for use	Historic only (to 2004). Will not be updated.
Relational rules	
Data content	

Occupation ID

Definition	A unique identifier for the occupation of the provider.
Column name	occupation_id
Table name	dim_mat_hbl_provider
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	AA
Data domain	 AN Anaesthetist GP General Practitioner GO GP Dip Obst MW Midwife OB Obstetrician PD Paediatrician RD Radiologist XX Other
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	

Related data

Source document

Source organisation

Provider ID

Source organisation

Column name	provider_id
Table name	dim_mat_hbl_provider
Data type	varchar2(7)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Provider status

Source organisation

Column name	provider_status
Table name	dim_mat_hbl_provider
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Provider type ID

Definition

Column name	provider_type_id
Table name	dim_mat_hbl_provider
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Source organisation

MAT Pregnancy table

Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Definition	This table contains a record for each unique pregnancy
Primary key	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Business key	MAT pregnancy key
Guide for use	Pregnancy key is assigned on identification of a delivery in one or more source systems. Women who receive antenatal services but do not have delivery services or a known baby are not assigned a pregnancy key in MAT and can be identified in this table by HCU and a pregnancy key equal to zero.
Relational rules	 This table is linked to the following tables MAT Birth Fact MAT Aggregate Birth Fact MAT Aggregate Pregnancy
Data content	

MAT pregnancy key

Definition	A unique key to identify a pregnancy
Column name	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	number(38)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Uniquely identifies a distinct pregnancy in MAT. May have a many-to- one relationship with NHI as a woman may have more than one pregnancy over time.
	Pregnancy key is generated from NHI and delivery date but can change upon MAT load so should not be used as the only unique identifier.
	Pregnancy key is held against all claim records and hospital events occurring within the pregnancy start date and pregnancy end date.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy delivery date

Definition	The actual delivery date of an identified pregnancy.
Column name	pregnancy_delivery_date
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	Equal to baby date of birth.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Taken from baby date of birth where a link between mother and baby is present (includes where reported on the Section 88 Labour & Birth claim module). Where this is not available, delivery date is taken to be the procedure date of a delivery procedure during the NMDS delivery event. Where this is not available, delivery date is defined as the NMDS delivery event event start date. (in order of priority). Delivery event is recalculated at each load, thus may change if a higher
Related data	priority date source is loaded subsequently to a lower priority source.
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy end date

Definition	The end date of the pregnancy (mother's) perinatal period
Column name	pregnancy_end_date
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	Date
Other names	
Context	Date of delivery + 42 days
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	This is the end of the period in which LMC services and hospital events are held for a pregnancy in MAT
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy identified in BMM

Definition	A flag indicating that the pregnancy has been identified in the Baby Mother Mapping file
Column name	pregnancy_identified_bmm
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy identified in HBL

Definition	A flag indicating that the pregnancy has been identified in the HBL source system
Column name	pregnancy_identified_hbl
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	HBL (Health Benefits Limited) is the legacy system in which Section 88 Claims data is housed until mid-2004.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy identified in NMDS

Definition	A flag indicating that the pregnancy has been identified in the NMDS Data Mart
Column name	pregnancy_identified_nmd
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy identified in ORD

Definition	A flag indicating that the pregnancy has been identified in the ORD (claims) system.
Column name	pregnancy_identified_ord
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	ORD (Operational Reporting Database) is the current system in which Section 88 Claims data is housed. ORD holds claims data from mid- 2004 onwards.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Pregnancy start date

Definition	The minimum start date of the pregnancy
Column name	pregnancy_start_date
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Delivery date – 308 days (44 weeks)
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	This is the minimum start date of the period in which LMC services and hospital events are held for a pregnancy in MAT.
	Most pregnancies will have gestation periods less than 44 weeks however this date range ensures all antenatal services related to the current pregnancy are recorded.
	Logic exists within MAT to manage distinct pregnancies with overlapping end and start dates. Where there is an overlap, priority is given for pregnancy end date. Because delivery date is known, the actual end date is equal to pregnancy end date in MAT (defined as 6 weeks following delivery). Actual start date (date of last menstrual period) may vary from pregnancy start date in MAT due to varying gestational periods at delivery.
	For most women pregnancy start date will be 3-5 weeks earlier than last menstrual period date (LMP).
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT Pregnancy Stage table	
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy_stage
Definition	A reference table containing a list of pregnancy stage codes and groupings.
Primary key	
Business key	
Guide for use	Used for grouping LMC services occurring at each stage of a pregnancy – antenatal by trimester, delivery and postnatal. Not currently applied to NMDS events.
Relational rules	
Data content	

1 a b l 01

Stage code	
Definition	A code classifying the stage of pregnancy
Column name	stage_code
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy_stage
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A(5)
Data domain	See the Pregnancy Stage code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	The most granular stages - divides the antenatal period into trimesters, including aggregated second and third trimesters to enable consistent reporting over the 2002 and 2007 notice changes.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Stage description		
Definition	The description of the stage of pregnancy code	
Column name	stage_description	
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy_stage	
Data type	varchar2(20)	
Other names		
Context		
Layout	X(20)	
Data domain	See the Pregnancy Stage code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.	
Guide for use	The most granular stages - divides the antenatal period into trimesters, including aggregated second and third trimesters to enable consistent reporting over the 2002 and 2007 notice changes.	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data		
Source document		
Source organisation		

Stage description

Stage group description

Definition	A grouping of the pregnancy stages.
Column name	stage_group_description
Table name	dim_mat_pregnancy_stage
Data type	varchar2(20)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	X(20)
Data domain	See the Pregnancy Stage code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Grouped up from stage, aggregates individual trimesters into th antenatal group.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT Provider Category table

Table name	dim_mat_provider_category
Definition	A reference table containing a list of provider category codes and descriptions
Primary key	
Business key	
Guide for use	
Relational rules	
Data content	

Category code

Definition	A code classifying the type of maternity service provider
Column name	category_code
Table name	dim_mat_provider_category
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A(5)
Data domain	LMC Lead Maternity Carer NLMC Non-Lead Maternity Carer UNC Unclassified UNK Unknown
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Category name	
Definition	The description of the maternity provider classification
Column name	category_name
Table name	dim_mat_provider_category
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A(30)
Data domain	Lead Maternity Carer Non-Lead Maternity Carer Unclassified Unknown
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

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Source organisation

MAT Provider Occupation table

Table name	dim_mat_provider_occupation
Definition	A reference table containing a list of provider occupation codes and descriptions
Primary key	
Business key	
Guide for use	
Relational rules	
Data content	

Occupation cod	le
Definition	A code representing the occupation of the provider
Column name	occupation_code
Table name	dim_mat_provider_occupation
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A(5)
Data domain	See the Provider Occupation code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Data domain Guide for use	site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further
	site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further
Guide for use	site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further
<i>Guide for use</i> <i>Verification rules</i>	site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further
Guide for use Verification rules Collection methods	site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further

Occupation nan	ne
Definition	The description of the provider occupation
Column name	occupation_name
Table name	dim_mat_provider_occupation
Data type	varchar2(35)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	X(35)
Data domain	See the Provider Occupation code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT Provider Type table

Table name	dim_mat_provider_type
Definition	A reference table containing a list of provider type codes and descriptions
Primary key	
Business key	
Guide for use	
Relational rules	
Data content	

Type code

Definition	A code representing the type of provider
Column name	type_code
Table name	dim_mat_provider_type
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A(5)
Data domain	CHECrown Health EnterpriseDCDental CouncilMCMedical CouncilNCNursing CouncilNHCNorth Health ContractORGOrganisationUNKUnknownWFCollege of Midwife

Guide for use

Verification rules

Collection methods

Related data

Source document

Source organisation

Type name

Definition	The description of the provider type
Column name	type_name
Table name	dim_mat_provider_type
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A(30)
Data domain	Crown Health Enterprise Dental Council Medical Council Nursing Council North Health Contract Organisation Unknown College of Midwife
Guide for use	
Verification rules	

Collection methods

Related data

Source document

Source organisation

MAT Referral Reason table

Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Definition	A reference table containing a list of referral reason codes and descriptions
Primary key	
Business key	
Guide for use	Context:
	Claim
Relational rules	
Data content	

Level indicator

Definition	
Column name	level_ind
Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Data type	varchar2(3)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Referral Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	HBL claims only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Reason code

Definition	A code representing the referral reason
Column name	reason_code
Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Data type	varchar2(6)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Referral Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source document	

Reason description

Definition	The description of the referral reason
Column name	reason_description
Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Data type	varchar2(256)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Referral Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Verification rules Collection methods	
Collection methods	

	alling
Definition	An adjunct of the referral reason
Column name	reason_sub_heading
Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Data type	varchar2(60)
Other names	
Context	

Reason sub heading

Layout	
Data domain	See the Referral Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	HBL claims only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	

Related data

Source document

Source organisation

Severity

Definition	Severity adjunct of the referral reason
Column name	severity
Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Data type	varchar2(60)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Referral Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	HBL claims only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Source system name

Definition	The source system of the reason code.
Column name	source_system_name
Table name	dim_mat_referral_reason
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Referral Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Related data Source document	

MAT Service t	able
Table name	dim_mat_service
Definition	A reference table containing a list of service codes and service groupings including their descriptions
Primary key	
Business key	
Guide for use	Service codes group claim modules and claim items into logical groups by the type of service provided.
Relational rules	
Data content	

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Service code	
Definition	A code representing the service provided
Column name	service_code
Table name	dim_mat_service
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Service code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Source organisation

Service description

Definition	The description of the service provided
Column name	service_description
Table name	dim_mat_service
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Service code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Service group	
Definition	A code representing a group of like services
Column name	service_group
Table name	dim_mat_service
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Service code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Data domain Guide for use	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
Guide for use	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
<i>Guide for use</i> <i>Verification rules</i>	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
<i>Guide for use Verification rules Collection methods</i>	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information

Service group description

Definition	The description of the service group
Column name	service_group_description
Table name	dim_mat_service
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	See the Service code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

MAT Source System table

Table name	dim_mat_source_system
Definition	A reference table containing a list of source system codes and descriptions
Primary key	dim_mat_source_system_key
Business key	
Guide for use	Enables identification of the origin of MAT data within fields that are reported across several sources,
Relational rules	
Data content	

Source system description

Definition	The description of the source system
Column name	source_system_description
Table name	dim_mat_source_system
Data type	varchar2(100)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	DIM HCU and Lookup Health Care User Data Management Service Baby Mother Mapping file HBL system NMD Data Mart ORD system Unknown
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Source system name

Definition	The name of the source system
Column name	source_system_name
Table name	dim_mat_source_system
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	HCU Baby Mother Mapping file HBL NMD Data Mart ORD UNK
Data domain Guide for use	Baby Mother Mapping file HBL NMD Data Mart ORD
	Baby Mother Mapping file HBL NMD Data Mart ORD
Guide for use	Baby Mother Mapping file HBL NMD Data Mart ORD

Related data

Source document

Source organisation

Table name	fact_mat_activity
Definition	This table contains details of all claims and hospital events for each pregnancy (woman) or birth (baby).
	·
Primary key	N/a
Business key	
Guide for use	This table includes services provided to women who do not get assigned a unique pregnancy key (are not known to deliver).
	Only selected claims fields are defined in this dictionary. Internally generated claim system fields (payment related) and fields sourced directly from NMDS are not defined.
	A list of hospital admissions fields is given in Appendix H. See the NMDS data dictionary for full descriptions.
Relational rules	
Data content	

Anaesthetic service name

Definition	Anaesthetic service name
Column name	clm_anaesthetic_service_name
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(30)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

ASA status

Definition	A classification code indicating the mother's physical condition	
Column name	clm_asa_status	
Table name	fact_mat_activity	
Data type	varchar2(1)	
Other names		
Context	Claim	
Layout		
Data domain	 Normal healthy woman with no systemic disease Woman with mild systemic disease which is well controlled with or without medication A woman with severe systemic disease which limits activity but is not incapacitating. (e.g. NYHA grade 3 cardiac lesions). All insulin dependent diabetics and with severely reduced respiratory function. Woman with severe pre-eclampsia requiring heavy sedation, blood pressure control, and extra monitoring. Woman with incapacitating disease which is a threat of life. This is rare and would include NYHA grade 4 cardiac lesions (also eclampics requiring intensive monitoring on heavy sedation). A very serious ante partum haemorrhage might fall into this category. Women who are expected to die in 24 hours with or without surgery. (Extremely rare). 	
Guide for use	Ends June 2007	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data		
Source document		
Source organisation		

Baby condition

Definition	A code	indicating the condition of the baby at birth	
Column name	clm_ba	clm_baby_condition	
Table name	fact_m	fact_mat_activity	
Data type	varcha	r2(8)	
Other names			
Context	Claim		
Layout			
Data domain	LB NS ND SB WB	Live born Referred to neonatal (or referred to secondary care) Neonatal death Stillborn Well baby (live born)/Primary post natal care	
Guide for use			
Verification rules			
Collection methods	Reported via LMC claims The reporting of stillbirths and neonatal deaths is not verified and should not be used in analysis. Refer to the Mortality Collection for robust reporting of fetal & infant deaths.		
Related data			
Source document			
Source organisation			

Baby transfer care identifier

Definition	A flag indicating transfer of the baby's care
Column name	clm_baby_transfer_care_flag
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Body mass index

Definition	Body mass index
Column name	clm_body_mass_index
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	Calculated from reported height & weight.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Claim code	
Definition	The code that identifies the service under which a fee may be claimed.
Column name	clm_claim_code
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(6)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	See the Claim Codes table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Data domain Guide for use	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
Guide for use	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
<i>Guide for use</i> <i>Verification rules</i>	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information
<i>Guide for use Verification rules Collection methods</i>	http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information

Claim period from

Definition	The start date of the claim period
Column name	clm_claim_period_from
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Claim period to

Definition	The end date of the claim period.
Column name	clm_claim_period_to
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date of baby discharge

Definition	The date the baby was discharged from the care of the Lead Maternity Carer
Column name	clm_date_baby_discharge
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Usually 5-6 weeks from date of birth.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date of baby transfer

Definition	Date baby transferred to secondary care
Column name	clm_date_baby_transfer
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date baby transferred to WCC

Definition	Date when baby was transferred to Well Child Carer (WCC)
Column name	clm_date_baby_transferred_to
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Date on which LMC referred the baby to Well Child services
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date labour established

Definition	The date that labour was established
Column name	clm_date_labour_established
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date of referral to GP

Definition	Date of referral to GP
Column name	clm_date_of_referral_to_gp
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	Date on which LMC referred the mother & baby to the GP (notification made at discharge from LMC care – not a true referral).
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Date of service

Definition	The date on which a claim service was provided
Column name	clm_date_of_service
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	For use as the main date field for Claims data
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Delivery type

Definition	The manner in which the baby was born.
Column name	clm_delivery_type
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	AA
Data domain	VA Normal Vaginal Delivery OV Operative Vaginal Delivery CS Caesarean Section
Guide for use	Not well reported. Delivery type in Fact Mat Aggregated Pregnancy should be used in preference to this field.
Verification rules	None
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Derived LMP date

Definition	The first estimated or actual date of the beginning of the woman's last menstrual period
Column name	clm_derived_lmp_date
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Epidural provider

Definition	Epidural pro	ovider
Column name	clm_epidura	al_provider
Table name	fact_mat_a	ctivity
Data type	varchar2(3)	
Other names		
Context	Claim	
Layout		
Data domain		HE / Contracted
Guide for use	Not used.	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data		
Source document		

Source organisation

Epidural usage flag

Definition	
Column name	clm_epidural_usage_flag
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	
Guide for use	Not well reported. Epidural flag in Fact Mat Aggregated Pregnancy should be used in preference to this field.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Exceptional circumstances

Definition	A code indicating services were provided due to an exceptional circumstance
Column name	clm_exceptional_circumstances
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	9
Data domain	6 Transfer to Secondary Maternity 48 hours prior to Established Labour 7 Urgent non-LMC assistance to Rural LMC 8 Ambulance Transfer
Guide for use	Ends June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Expected delivery date

Definition

Column name	clm_expected_delivery_date
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	Estimated delivery date, EDD
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	The date a woman is expected to delivery if the pregnancy is carried to term. Calculated from last menstrual period date by the LMC.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	Partial dates accepted
Collection methods	
Related data	LMP
Source document	
Source organisation	

First trimester	
Definition	A flag indicating the claim was for services in the first trimester of pregnancy
Column name	clm_first_trimester
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	Y N
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Gravida	
Definition	The total number of pregnancies a woman has experienced, including the current one. For example, a woman who has had one prior pregnancy and is currently pregnant is designated gravida 2.
Column name	clm_gravida
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	Number
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	NN
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Height

Definition	The height of the mother
Column name	clm_height
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	NNN
Data domain	Value in centimetres
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

LMC discharge date

Definition	The date the woman/caregiver was discharged from LMC care
Column name	clm_lmc_discharge_date
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	Date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

LMP date

Definition	Date of the woman's last menstrual period
Column name	clm_lmp_date
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	Date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Maternity fee code

Definition	The 3 to 5 character code for the fee being claimed
Column name	clm_maternity_fee_code
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	See the Maternity Fee code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Maternity service code

Definition	The 2 character code that identifies the service under which a fee may be claimed.
Column name	clm_maternity_service_code
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	XX
Data domain	See the Maternity Service code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Medical emergency

Definition	A flag indicating whether the Single Service Episode claim was an emergency
Column name	clm_medical_emergency
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	Y N
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Type 4 SSE Claim
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Module end reason

Definition	A code indicating the reason for a module of care being ended
Column name	clm_module_end_reason
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	 Start of Next Module Woman moved away from area Change of Maternity Provider Spontaneous Abortion / IUD (Miscarriage) Legal Abortion (Termination) Maternal Death No reason given Transferred to Secondary Care LMC Care Completed Transferred to LMC Care Change of PHO practice
Guide for use	Codes 6 & 7 not submitted after June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Mother condition

Definition	A code representing the condition of the mother following birth
Column name	clm_mother_condition
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	AA
Data domain	PP Primary Post Natal Care SC Secondary / Tertiary Care MD Maternal Death
Guide for use	Ends June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Non LMC and emergency scan

Definition

Column name	clm_non_lmc_and_emergency_sca
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	Y N
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Normal urgent pregnancy consultation

Definition

Column name	clm_normal_urgent_pregnancy_c
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	Ν
Data domain	1-5
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Number	of	visits
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Definition	Number of service provider visits reported for the claim module
Column name	clm_number_of_visits
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	number(38)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	Depending on the claim module and notice, number of visits corresponds to the following data domains: - Number of Midwife Home visits - Number of Postnatal Inpatient Visits - Number of 2nd and 3rd Trimester Visits - Number of 1st Trimester Visits - Number of 2nd Trimester Visits - Number of 3rd Trimester Visits
Guide for use	Use with Claim code to determine module
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Parity	
Definition	Parity is the number of previous pregnancies that resulted in live births or stillbirths (counting twins or multiple births as one).
Column name	clm_parity
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Practitioner registration

Definition	The registration number assigned to the practitioner providing the service by either the Medical Council of New Zealand or the Midwifery Council of New Zealand.
Column name	clm_practitioner_registration
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	The Midwifery Council number is to be shown in full including hyphens e.g. 15-12345.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Practitioner type

Definition	Service provider type
Column name	clm_practitioner_type
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	W (i.e. Midwifery council of NZ) N (i.e. Nursing council of NZ) M (i.e. NZ Medical Council)
Guide for use	Currently assumed to be Nursing Council unless MCNZ is appended to Provider Id on the claim form
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Provider type of LMC service

Definition	Provider type of LMC service
Column name	clm_provider_type_lmc_service
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(3)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Provider type of midwifery service

Definition	Provider type midwifery service
Column name	clm_provider_type_midwifery_s
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(3)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

RVG code

Definition	Relative	e Value Guide code
Column name	clm_rvg	J_code
Table name	fact_ma	at_activity
Data type	varchar	2(5)
Other names		
Context	Claim	
Layout		
Data domain	01 02 03 04 05 06 C2(0)	Obstetric Standby Obstetric vaginal procedures Obstetric epidural pain relief Cesarean Section Ectopic Pregnancy Evacuation of uterus (post partum or miscarriage) Vaginal birth with General Anaesthetic Obstetric anaesthetic consultation before labour
Guide for use	Ends Ju	une 2007
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data		
Source document		
Source organisation		

Scan for mother or baby

Definition	Indicates for an ultrasound event whether the scan was performed for the baby or the mother/pregnancy in general
Column name	clm_scan_for_mother_or_baby
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(6)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Distinguishes between ultrasound scans concerning the health of the fetus, and those concerning the health of the pregnancy and/or mother.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Second trimester start date

Definition	Start date of the second trimester where the second trimester is the period from the beginning of 15th week until end of 28th week after LMP.
Column name	clm_second_trimstr_start_date
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Service for	
Definition	A flag that indicates the recipient of the service
Column name	clm_service_for
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	M Mother B Baby C Caregiver
Guide for use	
Verification rules	Caregiver is valid only for Registration and LMC Postnatal claims. Baby is valid only for Non-LMC Urgent Postnatal and Specialist Paediatrician claims.
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Specialist type	
Definition	The type of specialist where specialist service was provided
Column name	clm_specialist_type
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(20)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	Obstetrician Anaesthetist Paediatrician
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Source organisation

Third trimester start date

Definition	The start date of the third trimester where the third trimester is the period from the beginning of 29th week from LMP until Date labour established
Column name	clm_third_trimstr_start_date
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Time labour established

Definition	The time that labour was established
Column name	clm_time_labour_established
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	ННММ
Data domain	24 hour time e.g. established labour at 8:50pm would be submitted as 2050.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Time of service

Definition	The time at which a claim service was provided
Column name	clm_time_of_service
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(4)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	ННММ
Data domain	24 hour time e.g. 8:50pm would be submitted as 2050.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Definition	A flag indicating transfer to secondary care during labour
Column name	clm_transfer_during_labour
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	Y N
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Transfer secondary identifier

Definition

Column name	clm_transfer_secondary_flag
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Unregistered woman

Definition	A flag indicating the Single Service Episode claim is being made for a woman who is not registered with a Lead Maternity Carer
Column name	clm_unregistered_woman
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	Y N
Guide for use	Note: this field is distinct from 'Unregistered Woman at Delivery' in the Fact MAT Aggregate Pregnancy table
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Weight

Definition	Weight of mother at registration
Column name	clm_weight
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	
Data domain	Value in kilograms
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Woman away from usual area

Definition	A flag indicating that the woman receiving LMC/specialist services is away from usual area of domicile
Column name	clm_woman_away_from_usual_are
Table name	fact_mat_activity
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Claim
Layout	A
Data domain	Y N
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Fact MAT Aggregate Birth table

Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Definition	
Primary key	dim_mat_birth_key
Business key	MAT birth key
Guide for use	Context:
	Baby.Demographics Baby.Birth Baby.Postnatal
Relational rules	
Data content	

Admission to ICU in baby admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the baby was admitted to ICU during any postnatal admission within 92 days of birth.
Column name	icu_admit_in_baby_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	1 Null
Guide for use	Refer to the field definition for Total intensive care unit (ICU) hours in the NMDS data Dictionary.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Flagged where ICU hours is not null.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Admission to ICU in birth event flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the baby was admitted to ICU during during birth event.
Column name	icu_admit_in_birth_event_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Baby. Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	1 Null
Guide for use	Refer to the field definition for Total intensive care unit (ICU) hours in the NMDS data Dictionary.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Flagged where ICU hours is not null.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Apgar score after 5 minutes

Definition	The numerical score from 0 to 10 used to evaluate an infant's condition at five minutes after birth.
Column name	apgar_score_after_5_minutes
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number(5)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	Ν
Data domain	0-10
Guide for use	Apgar scores range from 0 to 10, and indicate the physical health of a newborn infant, determined after examination of the adequacy of respiration, hear action, muscule tone, skin colour and reflexes.
	'0' indicates stillborn and '10' indicates a fully health and reactive baby.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Collected via Claims so only available for LMC attended births
Related data	Baby birth status
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby admissions count

Definition	The total number of postnatal admissions that a baby has within 92 days of birth.
Column name	baby_admissions_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number
Other names	Postnatal admission
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	9999
Data domain	0001 - 9999
Guide for use	Number of NMDS events excluding birth event where event start date is within 92 days of birth. Includes transfers between facilities.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Definition	A flag indicating whether the baby was live or stillborn.
Column name	baby_birth_status
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(8)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	A
Data domain	'L' = Liveborn 'S' = Stillborn
Guide for use	Livebirth has been given no legal definition in New Zealand, but in practice the definition recommended by the World Health Organization may be deemed to apply.
	The World Health Organization definition of a livebirth is: 'The complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which after such separation, breathes or shows other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached. Each product of such a birth is considered liveborn.
Verification rules	Not verified. Stillborn babies are generally not included in MAT. Refer to the Mortality Collection for robust reporting of fetal deaths.
Collection methods	Sourced from NMDS (birth status) and LMC Labour & Birth Claim Liveborn/Stillborn tickbox. Where birth is in NMDS, birth status can be presumed to be Liveborn as only liveborn babies are given an NMDS record.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby birth status

Baby date of birth

Definition	The date of birth of the baby.
Column name	baby_date_of_birth
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	date
Other names	DOB, HCU date of birth, and Birth date
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	Valid dates
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby DHB

Definition	The district health board of the baby's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	baby_dhb
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(64)
Other names	Health agency code, DHB Code
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	XXXX
Data domain	See the Agency code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Historically, also known as CHE (Crown Health Enterprise), HHS (Hospitals and Health Services) and AHB (Area Health Board).
Verification rules	Must be a valid code in the code table.
Collection methods	Derived from Baby domicile
Related data	Baby domicile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Definition	The domicile of the baby's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	baby_domicile
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(4)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	XXXX
Data domain	See the Domicile code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Domicile code in the Aggregated Birth table is derived from one of three sources in order of priority (NMDS birth event, LMC registration claim, NHI)
Verification rules	Must be a valid code in the Domicile code table.
Collection methods	Sourced from the baby birth NMDS record, the LMC Labour & Birth Claim or the NHI Register at time of birth, in order of priority.
Related data	Baby TLA Mother domicile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby domicile

Baby domicile source

Definition	The system from which the baby's domicile was sourced.
Column name	baby_domicile_source
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number(1)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	Ν
Data domain	1 = NMDS 2 = LMC Claim 3 = NHI Register at time of birth
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Mother domicile source
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby ethnic group

Definition	Baby prioritised ethnicity grouped to Level 1
Column name	baby_ethnic_group
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(20)
Other names	Ethnicity
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	1 (European) 2 (Maori) 3 (Pacific Peoples) 4 (Asian)5 (MELAA) 6 (Other) 9 (Residual Categories)
Guide for use	A social group whose members have one or more of the following four characteristics: - they share a sense of common origins - they claim a common and distinctive history and destiny - they possess one or more dimensions of collective cultural individuality - they feel a sense of unique collective solidarity. Because ethnicity is self-identified, it can change over time. This is why MOH collects ethnicity information for each health event, rather than relying on the data in the National Health Index (which does not include historical data). Refer to Appendix G: Collection of Ethnicity Data for further details.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of birth. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Birth table.
Related data	Baby prioritised ethnicity Baby ethnicity code 2 Baby ethnicity code 3
Source document	Smith, Anthony. 1981. The Ethnic Revival. Cambridge University Press
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Baby ethnicity code 2

Definition	Refer to Baby ethnic group for details.
Column name	baby_ethnicity_code2
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	Ethnicity 2
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	99
Data domain	See the Level 2 ethnic codes table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	Baby ethnicity code 2 is optional. Baby ethnicity code 2 cannot be the same as Baby ethnicity code 1 or 3. Must be a valid code in the Ethnic code table.
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of birth. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Birth table.
Related data	Baby prioritised ethnicity Baby ethnicity group Baby ethnicity code 3
Source document	Smith, Anthony. 1981. The Ethnic Revival. Cambridge University Press
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Baby ethnicity code 3

Definition	Refer to Baby ethnic group for details.
Column name	baby_ethnicity_code3
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	Ethnicity3
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	99
Data domain	See the Level 2 ethnic codes table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	Baby ethnicity code 3 is optional. Baby ethnicity code 3 cannot be the same as Baby ethnicity code 2 or 1.
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of birth. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Birth table.
Related data	Baby prioritised ethnicity Baby ethnicity code 2 Baby ethnicity group
Source document	Smith, Anthony. 1981. The Ethnic Revival. Cambridge University Press
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Baby financial year of birth

Definition	The financial year of birth of the baby.
Column name	baby_financial_year_of_birth
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	YY-YY
Data domain	Financial year derived from Baby date of birth
Data domain Guide for use	Financial year derived from Baby date of birth
	Financial year derived from Baby date of birth
Guide for use	Pinancial year derived from Baby date of birth Derived from Baby date of birth
<i>Guide for use</i> <i>Verification rules</i>	
Guide for use Verification rules Collection methods	Derived from Baby date of birth

Baby NZ deprivation decile

Definition	The NZ deprivation score of the baby's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	baby_nz_deprivation_decile
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number(2)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	1 (least deprived) to 10 (most deprived).
Guide for use	Mapped from domicile code.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Baby domicile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby NZ deprivation quintile

Definition	The NZ deprivation quintile of the Baby's mother residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	baby_nz_deprivation_quintile
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number(1)
Other names	New Zealand Index of Deprivation
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	9
Data domain	 Baby NZ deprivation decile in (1,2) Baby NZ deprivation decile in (3,4) Baby NZ deprivation decile in (5,6) Baby NZ deprivation decile in (7,8) Baby NZ deprivation decile in (9,10)
Guide for use	Mapped from domicile code.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derive from Baby NZ deprivation decile
Related data	Baby NZ deprivation decile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby NZ resident flag

Definition	The NZ residency status of the baby at the time of birth.
Column name	baby_nz_resident_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	HCU resident status, Residency, Resident status, HCU NZ resident status
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	
Data domain	'Y' = Permanent resident (New Zealand citizen or classified as 'ordinarily resident in New Zealand') 'N' = Temporary (not a New Zealand citizen, does not have New Zealand 'ordinarily resident' status)
Guide for use	A permanent resident is defined as a person who: - resides in New Zealand and - is not a person to whom Section 7 of the Immigration Act 1987 applies or a person obliged by or pursuant to that Act to leave New Zealand immediately or within a specified time or deemed for the purposes of that Act to be in New Zealand unlawfully.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Sourced from NHI
Related data	
Source document	Immigration Act 1987
Source organisation	

Baby prioritised ethnicity

Definition	Baby prioritised ethnicity to level 2 at the time of birth.
Column name	baby_prioritised_ethnicity
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	Ethnicity
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	See the Level 2 ethnic code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	A social group whose members have one or more of the following four characteristics: - they share a sense of common origins - they claim a common and distinctive history and destiny - they possess one or more dimensions of collective cultural individuality - they feel a sense of unique collective solidarity. Because ethnicity is self-identified, it can change over time. This is why MOH derives ethnicity from source systems at the time of birth, rather than relying on the data in the National Health Index (which does not include historical data).
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of birth. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Birth table.
Related data	Baby ethnicity group Baby ethnicity code 2 Baby ethnicity code 3
Source document	
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Baby sex

Definition	The sex of the baby.
Column name	baby_sex
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Sex type code
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	A
Data domain	M- Male F- Female U- Unknown I- Indeterminate
Guide for use	'I' codes are for use in cases, usually newborns, where it is not possible to determine the sex of the baby.
	The term sex refers to the biological differences between males and females, while the term gender refers to a person's cultural role (masculine or feminine).
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby TLA

Definition	The territorial local authority of the baby's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	baby_tla
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(64)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	
Data domain	See the TLA code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services
Guide for use	The TLA of domicile roughly equates to local council boundaries. Populated from 1988.
	Derived from domicile code.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Baby domicile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Baby year of birth

Definition	The year of birth of the baby.
Column name	baby_year_of_birth
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number(4)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Demographics
Layout	CCYY
Data domain	Calendar year
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from Baby date of birth
Related data	Baby date of birth
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Birthweight

Definition	Weight of the infant at time of birth, in grams.
Column name	birthweight
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	Birth weight
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	NNNN
Data domain	Value in grams
Guide for use	This is usually measured to the nearest 5g and obtained within one hour of birth.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Sourced from NMDS (subject to verification rules) and from LMC Labour and Birth Claims (not subject to verification rules). Birthweights outside of 0001-9999 (and negative values) are defaulted to null in the Aggregated Birth table, but are available as reported in the Activity table.
Related data	Birthweight group Low birthweight flag High birthweight flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Birthweight group

Definition	The group into which the baby's birth weight falls.
Column name	birthweight_group
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(15)
Other names	Weight Group
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	
Data domain	Grouped from Birthweight: Less than 1000g 1000-1499 1500-1999 2000-2499 2500-2999 3000-3499 3500-3999 4000-4499 4500 and over
Guide for use	For weight grouping or bracketing reports
	Note, some default values (9000, 9999) may be grouped into the above categories.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from Birthweight
Related data	Birthweight
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Breastfeed 2 weeks code	
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Definition	A code indicating the breastfeeding status of the baby at 2 weeks.
Column name	breastfeed_2_weeks_code
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Exclusive Fully Partial Artificial Not reported
Guide for use	Infant breastfeeding status at two weeks of age as reported by LMCs providing postnatal services.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Breastfeed LMC discharge status
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Breastfeed LMC	discharge status
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Definition	The breastfeeding status of the baby at discharge from LMC care.
Column name	breastfeed_lmc_dischrge_status
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Exclusive Fully Partial Artificial Not reported
Guide for use	Infant breastfeeding status at discharge from LMC care as reported by LMC providing postnatal services.
	Discharge from LMC care is the agreed date of transfer from the LMC to a Well Child Carer and is normally four to six weeks following birth.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Breastfeed 2 weeks code
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

CPAP during baby admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the baby was administered continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) during any postnatal admission within 92 days of birth.
Column name	cpap_during_baby_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	1 or Null
Guide for use	Refer to the field definition for Total hours on continuous positive airway pressure in the NMDS Data Dictionary
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Mechanical ventilation in baby admission flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН
	NUT

Ocstational age	
Definition	The gestational age of the baby (duration of pregnancy in completed weeks), at birth.
Column name	gestational_age
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	Gestation period
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	XX
Data domain	Completed weeks of pregnancy.
	10 - 50 completed weeks
Guide for use	Calculated from the date of the first day of a woman's last menstrual period and her infant s date of birth, or derived from clinical assessment during pregnancy, or derived from an examination of the infant after birth.
Verification rules	Gestational ages outside 10-50 weeks are defaulted to null in the Aggregated Birth table, but are available as reported in the Activity table.
Collection methods	Sourced from NMDS as reported on the Baby's record, where null calculated from the mother's LMP date and baby date of birth as reported via Claims.
Related data	Baby date of birth Last menstrual period date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Gestational age

Gestational age group

Definition	The gestational age group of the baby at birth.
Column name	gestational_age_group
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(15)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	
Data domain	Grouped from Gestational age: Less than 20 20-23 24-27 28-31 32-36 37-41 42 43 and over
Guide for use	For gestational grouping or bracketing reports
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from Gestational age
Related data	Gestational age
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

High birthweight flag

Definition	A flag indicating a high birthweight (that is, above 4499g).
Column name	high_birthweight_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	
Data domain	1 if Birthweight > 4499 N if Birthweight <= 4499
Guide for use	For weight grouping or bracketing reports.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from Birthweight
	Calculation of full term babies or live births with a high birth-weight.
Related data	Birthweight
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Low birthweight flag

Definition	A flag indicating a low birthweight (that is, below 2500g).
Column name	low_birthweight_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Birthweight, low Birthweight, very low Birthweight, extremely low
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	
Data domain	1 if Birthweight < 2500 N if Birthweight >= 2500
Guide for use	For weight grouping or bracketing reports.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from Birthweight.
	Calculation of full term babies or live births with a low birth-weight
Related data	Birthweight
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

MAT birth key	
Definition	Generated artificial key for the MAT Birth table. Unique identifier of a baby in the Aggregated Birth table derived from birth date and NHI.
Column name	dim_mat_birth_key
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Source organisation

MAT pregnancy key

	Noy
Definition	Generated artificial key for the MAT Pregnancy table. Unique identifier of a pregnancy in the Aggregated Birth table derived from delivery date and mother NHI.
	Presence of Pregnancy key in Birth table enables linking of a baby to mother.
Column name	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Mechanical ventilation in baby admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the baby was placed on mechanical ventilation during any postnatal admission
Column name	mechvent_in_baby_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP)
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	1 or Null
Guide for use	Refer to the field definition for Total hours on mechanical ventilation in the NMDS data Dictionary.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	CPAP during baby admission flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Non-LMC urgent postnatal contacts count

Definition	The number of urgent non-LMC contacts that a baby has within 92 days of birth.
Column name	non_Imc_urg_postnat_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	0001 - 9999
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Claim code
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Perinatal postnatal admission count

Definition	The number of postnatal admissions that a baby has within 92 days of birth where principal diagnosis in ICD-10-AM is in Chapter XVI 'Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period'.
Column name	perinat_postnat_admit_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	0001 - 9999
Guide for use	Where diagnosis type is A (principal diagnosis) and clinical code in ICD- 10-AM is between P000 and P969
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Preterm flag	
Definition	A flag indicating whether the baby was born prior to 37 completed weeks of gestation.
Column name	preterm_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Baby.Birth
Layout	A
Data domain	1 if Gestational age < 37 Null if Gestational age ≥ 37
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from Gestational age
Related data	Gestational age
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Specialist paediatric consultation count

Definition	The number of times a baby was referred for specialist paediatric services.
Column name	specialist_paed_consult_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_birth
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Baby.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	0001 - 9999
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Claim code
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Fact MAT	Aggregate	Pregnancy table
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Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Definition	
Primary key	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Business key	
Guide for use	Context
	Pregnancy.Demographics Pregnancy.Antenatal Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery Pregnancy.Postnatal
Relational rules	
Data content	

Amniocentesis flag

Definition	A flag indicating amniocentesis was performed during a pregnancy.
Column name	amniocentesis_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Ends June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Antenatal admission count

Definition	The total number of hospital events during the antenatal period of a pregnancy excluding the delivery event.
Column name	antenatal_admits_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	Ν
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	Total antenatal admissions may include more than one admission for the same woman, and includes transfers between facilities but excludes transfers within facilities.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Assisted breech flag

Definition	A flag indicating a type of assisted birth where the birth of a baby is by the buttocks or lower limbs first rather than the head, where assistance, forceps or otherwise is required.
Column name	assisted_breech_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised Delivery Type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman received medical or surgical augmentation of labour following onset of labour, during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	augmentation_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Delivery-Related Procedures
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	
Data domain	Y Null
Guide for use	Augmentation is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Augmentation flag

Birth at home flag

Definition	A flag indicating a birth that took place in a person's home and not in a maternity facility or birthing unit; or a birth where the management of the labour starts at home and there is a documented plan to give birth at home
Column name	birth_at_home_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	Ends June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Birth unit services claim flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether birth unit services were claimed
Column name	birth_unit_services_claim_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Incomplete
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Claims
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Blood transfusion flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman received a blood transfusion during the delivery event.
Column name	blood_transfusion_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	Blood transfusion is identified by selected ICD-10-AM transfusion procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

BMI at first LMC registration

Definition	The body mass index (BMI) of a woman at the time of first LMC registration for a given pregnancy.
Column name	bmi_at_first_Imc_registration
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	NN
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	From July 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Height Weight
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Breech extraction flag

Definition	A flag indicating a type of assisted birth where the birth of a baby is by the buttocks or lower limbs first rather than the head, where extraction, including forceps to aftercoming head, or otherwise, is required
Column name	breech_extraction_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type reported.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Changed LMC post delivery flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman changed LMC following delivery.
Column name	changed_Imc_post_delivery_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Chorionic villous sample flag

Definition	A flag indicating chorionic villus sampling (CVS) was performed during a pregnancy.
Column name	chorionic_villous_sample_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Ends June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Cigarettes at 2 weeks code

Definition	A code indicating the number of cigarettes a woman smoked 2 weeks following delivery.
Column name	cigs_at_2_weeks_code
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	L = Less than 10 M = 10 - 20 H = More than 20 Null
Guide for use	As reported to the LMC. Only collected for women who receive LMC postnatal services.
	From July 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Claim
Related data	Smoking status at 2 weeks flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Cigarettes at first LMC registration count

Definition	A code indicating the number of cigarettes reported smoked, per day, at the time of first LMC registration for a given pregnancy
Column name	cigs_first_Imc_reg_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	L = Less than 10 M = 10 - 20 H = More than 20 Null
Guide for use	As reported to the LMC. Only collected for women who register with an LMC.
	From July 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Smoking status at first LMC registration
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Counselling tobacco use flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether counselling for tobacco use was reported on the NMDS delivery event
Column name	counselling_tobacco_use_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Only well reported from 2008/09.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Collected from diagnosis codes present on the delivery event record. Only available for women delivering in hospital.
Related data	Current tobacco use flag
Source document	
Source organisation	

Current tobacco use flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether a mother was identified as a current tobacco user during the delivery admission.
Column name	current_tobacco_use_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Only well reported from 2008/09.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Collected from diagnosis codes present on the delivery event record. Only available for women delivering in hospital.
Related data	Counselling tobacco use flag
Source document	
Source organisation	

Degree of tear	
Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman sustained a perineal tear and if so, the degree of tear, during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	degree_of_tear
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(15)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(15)
Data domain Guide for use	First Second Third Fourth Unspecified Null Degree of perineal tear is identified by selected ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one degree of tear reprted, where this is the case, the most severe tear is flagged. NMDS delivery events only, all others default to Null.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Episiotomy flag Surgical repair of tear flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Delivery date	
Definition	The actual date on which the delivery took place.
Column name	delivery_date
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	With Mother's NHI number this forms a unique identifier for a pregnancy.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Delivery date is the baby's date of birth where a link between mother and baby is available. Where no mother-baby match is found, delivery date is defined as the NMDS delivery procedure date.
Related data	Baby date of birth
0	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Delivery financial year

Definition	The financial year in which the delivery took place.
Column name	delivery_financial_year
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy. Labour&Delivery
Layout	YY-YY
Data domain	Financial year derived from Delivery date.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	

Delivery	outcome
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Definition	The outcome of the delivery for this pregnancy.
Column name	delivery_outcome
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(50)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(50)
Data domain	Single live birth Single stillbirth Twins (liveborn) Twins (live and stillborn) Twins (stillborn) Other multiple births (liveborn) Other multiple births (live and stillborn) Other multiple births (stillborn) Not stated
Guide for use	Reported via LMC claims and via NMDS diagnosis codes (ICD-10-AM 'Z37'). The reporting of stillbirths is not verified and should not be used in analysis. Refer to the Mortality Collection for robust reporting of fetal deaths.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Delivery year

Definition	The calendar year in which the mother's delivery occurred.
Column name	delivery_year
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number(4)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	CCYY
Data domain	Calendar year
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Elective Caesarean flag

Definition	A flag indicating that a Caesarean was performed as a planned procedure before or after the onset of labour, when the decision was made before the commencement of labour.
Column name	elective_caesarean_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Emergency Caesarean flag

Definition	A flag indicating that a Caesarean was performed as an emergency procedure before or after the onset of labour
Column name	emergency_caesarean_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Acute caesarean section
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised Delivery Type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Epidural flag	
Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman received an epidural during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	epidural_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Delivery-Related Procedures
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Epidural is identified by selected ICD-10-AM procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Episiotomy flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman received an episiotomy during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	episiotomy_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Delivery-Related Procedures
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Episiotomy is identified by selected ICD-10-AM procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Estimated delivery date

Definition	The date calculated by the LMC as the woman's expected date of delivery (EDD) for a pregnancy.
Column name	estimated_delivery_date
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	Expected Delivery Date , EDD
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Sourced from Claims only, may be a partial date (month and year only)
Related data	Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Failed forceps flag

Definition	A flag indicating that forceps were used during the delivery but were not the final means of delivery.
Column name	failed_forceps_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Failed forceps is identified by selected ICD-10-AM procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Failed vacuum flag

Definition	A flag indicating that a vacuum (ventouse) extraction was used during an NMDS delivery event but was not the final means of delivery
Column name	failed_vacuum_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Failed vacuum is identified by selected ICD-10-AM procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

False labour flag

Definition	A flag reporting whether the woman was admitted to hospital with false labour during the pregnancy.
Column name	false_labour_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	False labour is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric diagnosis codes present on any antenatal event.
	Reported via NMDS antenatal events only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

First LMC date registered

Definition	The date on which the woman first registered with an LMC.
Column name	first_Imc_reg_date
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	Includes antenatal and postnatal first registrations.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	First LMC year registered LMC type at first LMC registration Trimester of first LMC registration
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

First LMC year registered

Definition	The year in which the woman first registered with an LMC.
Column name	first_Imc_reg_year
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number(4)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	CCYY
Data domain	Calendar year
Guide for use	Derived from First LMC date registered
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	First LMC date registered
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Foetal blood sampling flag

Definition	A flag indicating foetal blood sampling (FBS) was performed during a pregnancy.
Column name	foetal_blood_sampling_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Ends June 2007
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	MOH

Forceps and vacuum flag

D efinition	A flag indicating an assisted birth that required the use of both forceps and vacuum extraction
Column name	forceps_and_vacuum_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure codes reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Forceps flag

Definition	A flag indicating an assisted birth that required the use of forceps.
Column name	forceps_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure codes reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
	NMDS delivery events only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

General anaesthesia for caesarean flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman received a general anaesthesia and a caesarean section during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	general_anaes_for_caesar_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	General anaesthesia and caesarean section are identified by selected ICD-10-AM procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Emergency caesarean flag Elective caesarean flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Gestational diabetes flag

Definition	A flag reporting whether the woman was identified as having gestational diabetes during any antenatal hospital event or at delivery.
Column name	gestational_diabetes_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Gestational diabetes is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric diagnosis codes present on any antenatal or delivery event.
	Reported via NMDS antenatal and delivery events.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

GP notified flag	
Definition	A flag i
	time of

A flag indicating whether the woman's GP was notified of the birth at the time of LMC discharge.

Column name	gp_notified_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	With consent of the mother, the GP is notified of the birth and subsequent LMC discharge at the end of postnatal LMC care.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Definition	The number of this pregnancy for a woman
Column name	gravida_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	The total number of pregnancies a woman has experienced, including the current one. For example, a woman who has had one prior pregnancy and is currently pregnant is designated a gravida of 2.
	This number should include all previous pregnancies including unsuccessful pregnancies and stillbirths. However this number is self- reported and may not be accurate, since the woman may not wish to disclose the full number.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Sourced from Claims only.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН
Collection methods Related data Source document	unsuccessful pregnancies and stillbirths. However this number is self- reported and may not be accurate, since the woman may not wish to disclose the full number. Sourced from Claims only.

Homebirth supplies and service claim flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the LMC claimed for homebirth supplies and services (as part of the Labour and Birth module).
Column name	homebirth_supl_serv_claim_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Birth at home flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

ICU admission during delivery flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman was admitted to an intensive care unit (ICU) during the delivery event.
Column name	icu_admit_during_delivery_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	1 or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Refer to the field definition for Total intensive care unit (ICU) hours in the NMDS data Dictionary.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

ICU during antenatal admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating the woman has been admitted to an intensive care unit (ICU) during an antenatal hospital event.
Column name	icu_during_antenat_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Refer to the field definition for Total intensive care unit (ICU) hours in the NMDS data Dictionary.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

ICU during postnatal admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman was admitted to an intensive care unit (ICU) during any postnatal event.
Column name	icu_during_postnat_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Refer to the field definition for Total intensive care unit (ICU) hours in the NMDS data Dictionary.
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Identifier of first registered LMC

Definition	The registration number of the LMC the woman was registered with at first registration.
Column name	Imc_ident_at_first_Imc_reg
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(50)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	The provider code of the LMC.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Identifier of LMC registered at delivery

Definition	The registration number of the LMC the woman was registered with at the time of delivery.
Column name	Imc_ident_reg_at_delivery
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(50)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	The provider code of the LMC.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Induction flag	
Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman received a medical or surgical induction of labour during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	induction_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Delivery-Related Procedures
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Induction is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	Excludes inductions performed during antenatal events (i.e where delivery does not occur), thus may be an undercount of the number of inductions performed.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Last menstrual period date

Definition	The date reported at the first LMC registration as the woman's last menstrual period (LMP).
Column name	last_menstrual_period_date
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	LMP date, LMP
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Live births count

Definition	The number of live births resulting from this delivery.
Column name	live_births_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(10)
Data domain	1, 2, 3,or Not Stated
Guide for use	Derived from Delivery outcome
Verification rules	Reported via LMC claims and via NMDS diagnosis codes (ICD-10-AM 'Z37'). The reporting of stillbirths is not verified and should not be used in analysis. Refer to the Mortality Collection for robust reporting of fetal deaths.
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery outcome
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC 1st trimester contacts count

Definition	The number of visits made by the lead maternity carer in the first trimester.
Column name	Imc_1st_trimester_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Reported from July 2007.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC 2nd 3rd trimester contacts count

Definition	The number of visits made by the lead maternity carer in the combined second and third trimesters.
Column name	Imc_2nd_3rd_trimest_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	Sum of LMC 2nd trimester contacts count and LMC 3rd trimester contacts count
Guide for use	This field enables time series reporting of number of LMC contacts across the time periods covered by both the 2002 and 2007 Notices.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	To June 2007 (2002 Notice) this was reported as a single number of LMC contacts over both trimesters.
	From July 2007 (2007 Notice) this is an aggregated value of LMC 2nd and 3rd trimester contacts counts.
Related data	LMC 2nd trimester contacts count LMC 3rd trimester contacts count
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC 2nd trimester contacts count

Definition	The number of visits made by the lead maternity carer in the second trimester.
Column name	Imc_2nd_trimester_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	From July 2007.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC 3rd trimester contacts count

Definition	The number of visits made by the lead maternity carer in the third trimester.
Column name	Imc_3rd_trimester_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	From July 2007.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC antenatal contacts count

Definition	The total number of visits made by the lead maternity carer over the pregnancy.
Column name	Imc_antenatal_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Note, this field does not report consistent data over time.
	To June 2007 (2002 Notice) this is an aggregated value of LMC second and third trimester contacts as first trimester contacts could not be reported.
	From July 2007 (2007 Notice) this is an aggregated value of LMC first, second and third trimester contacts counts.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from LMC trimester counts
Related data	LMC 1st trimester contacts count LMC 2nd trimester contacts count LMC 3rd trimester contacts count
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC contacts count

Definition	Total postnatal LMC contacts reported.
Column name	Imc_contacts_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	The sum of LMC inpatient visits count and Midwifery home visits count
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	LMC inpatient visits count Midwifery home visits count
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC inpatient visits count

Definition	The number of postnatal LMC inpatient visits reported.
Column name	Imc_inpatient_visits_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC present at delivery flag

Definition	A flag indicating that the woman's LMC was in attendance at the delivery.
Column name	Imc_present_at_delivery_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	Null where no LMC Labour & Birth Claim
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC registrations count

Definition	The total number of LMC registrations that are recorded for a pregnancy.
Column name	Imc_regs_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Includes first registration and any changes of registration submitted during both the antenatal and postnatal periods.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC type at first LMC registration

Definition	The provider type of LMC that the pregnant woman is registered with at first registration.
Column name	Imc_type_at_first_Imc_reg
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	X(5)
Data domain	MWF Midwife GP GP OBS Obstetrician UNK Other/Unknown LMC type
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	First LMC registration date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

LMC type registered with at delivery

Definition		ovider type of LMC that the woman was registered with at the delivery.
Column name	Imc_ty	pe_reg_at_delivery
Table name	fact_m	at_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varcha	r2(10)
Other names		
Context	Pregna	ancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(10)	
Data domain	MWF GP OBS UNK	Midwife GP Obstetrician Other/Unknown LMC type
Guide for use		
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data		
Source document		
Source organisation	MOH	

Manual removal of placenta flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman had manual removal of placenta during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	manual_removal_placenta_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Delivery-Related Procedures
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Manual removal of placenta is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	A woman may have more than one obstetric procedure to assist delivery.
	NMDS delivery events only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

MAT pregnancy key

Definition	Generated artificial key for the MAT Pregnancy table. Unique identifier of a pregnancy in the Aggregated Pregnancy table derived from delivery date and NHI
Column name	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Generated on load, may change for a woman where either NHI or delivery date are updated.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Mechanical ventilation in antenatal admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman was placed on mechanical ventilation during any antenatal event.
Column name	mechvent_in_antenat_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Where NMDS Hours of Mechanical Ventilation is not null.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Mechanical ventilation in postnatal admission flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman was placed on mechanical ventilation during any postnatal event
Column name	mechvent_in_postnat_admit_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	continuous positive airway pressure
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Where NMDS Hours of Mechanical Ventilation is not null.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Midwifery home visits count

Definition	The number of postnatal LMC home visits reported
Column name	midwifery_home_visits_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother age

Definition	The age of the mother (rounded down to a whole year) at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_age
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy. Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	00 - 99 00 is default value if mother's age is not known
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother age group

Definition	The age group of the mother at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_age_group
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(15)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy. Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	Less than 16 16-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45 and over Not stated
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Mother age
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother date of birth

Definition	The date of birth of the mother.
Column name	mother_date_of_birth
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	CCYYMMDD
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Mother DHB

Definition	The district health board of the mother's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_dhb
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(64)
Other names	Health agency code, DHB Code
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	XXXX
Data domain	See the Agency code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Derived from domicile.
	Historically, also known as CHE (Crown Health Enterprise), HHS (Hospitals and Health Services) and AHB (Area Health Board)
Verification rules	Must be a valid code in the code table.
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Definition	The domicile of the mother's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_domicile
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(4)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	
Data domain	See the Domicile code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Domicile code in the Aggregated Pregnancy table is derived from one of three sources in order of priority (NMDS birth event, LMC registration claim, NHI)
Verification rules	Must be a valid code in the Domicile code table.
Collection methods	
Related data	Mother TLA
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother domicile

Mother domicile source

Definition	The system from which the mother s domicile was sourced.
Column name	mother_domicile_source
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	Ν
Data domain	1 = NMDS 2 = LMC Claim 3 = NHI Register
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother ethnic group

Definition	Mother prioritised ethnicity grouped to Level 1.
Column name	mother_ethnic_group
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	Ethnicity
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	Ν
Data domain	1 (European) 2 (Maori) 3 (Pacific Peoples) 4 (Asian) 5 (MELAA) 6 (Other) 9 (Residual Categories)
Guide for use	A social group whose members have one or more of the following four characteristics: - they share a sense of common origins - they claim a common and distinctive history and destiny - they possess one or more dimensions of collective cultural individuality - they feel a sense of unique collective solidarity.
	From 1 July 1996 up to 3 Ethnicity codes can be collected for each healthcare user and each event. Where more than 3 Ethnicity codes are reported, the Statistics NZ prioritisation algorithm is used to report only 3 values.
	Because ethnicity is self-identified, it can change over time. This is why MOH collects ethnicity information for each health event, rather than relying on the data in the National Health Index (which does not include historical data).
	Refer to Appendix G: Collection of Ethnicity Data for further details.
Verification rules	Ethnicity 1 is mandatory.
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of delivery. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Pregnancy table.
Related data	Mother prioritised ethnicity Mother ethnicity code2 Mother ethnicity code3
Source document	Smith, Anthony. 1981. The Ethnic Revival. Cambridge University Press
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Mother ethnicity code 2

Definition	Refer to Mother ethnic group for details.
Column name	mother_ethnicity_code2
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	Ethnicity 2
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	See the Level 2 ethnic codes table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Refer to Mother ethnic group
Verification rules	Ethnicity 2 is optional.
	Ethnicity 2 cannot be the same as Ethnicity 1 or 3.
	Must be a valid code in the Ethnic code table.
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of delivery. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Pregnancy table.
Related data	Mother prioritised ethnicity Mother ethnic group Mother ethnicity code 3
Source document	Smith, Anthony. 1981. The Ethnic Revival. Cambridge University Press
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Mother ethnicity code 3

Definition	Refer to Mother ethnic group for details.
Column name	mother_ethnicity_code3
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	Ethnicity 3
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	
Data domain	See the Level 2 ethnic codes table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Refer to Mother ethnic group
Verification rules	Ethnicity 3 is optional.
	Ethnicity 3 cannot be the same as Ethnicity 2 or 1.
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of delivery. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Pregnancy table.
Related data	Mother prioritised ethnicity Mother ethnicity code 2 Mother ethnic group
Source document	Smith, Anthony. 1981. The Ethnic Revival. Cambridge University Press
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Mother NZ deprivation decile

Definition	The NZ deprivation decile of the mother's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_nz_deprivation_decile
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number(2)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	1 (least deprived) to 10 (most deprived).
Guide for use	Derived from Mother domicile.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Mother domicile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother NZ deprivation quintile

D efinition	The NZ deprivation quintile of the mother's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_nz_deprivation_quintile
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number(1)
Other names	New Zealand Index of Deprivation
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	Ν
Data domain	 1 if Mother NZ Deprivation Decile in (1,2) 2 if Mother NZ Deprivation Decile in (3,4) 3 if Mother NZ Deprivation Decile in (5,6) 4 if Mother NZ Deprivation Decile in (7,8) 5 if Mother NZ Deprivation Decile in (9,10) Derived from Mother NZ deprivation decile
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Mother NZ deprivation decile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother NZ resident flag

Definition	The NZ residency status of the mother at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_nz_resident_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	HCU resident status, Residency, Resident status, HCU NZ resident status
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	A
Data domain	'Y' = Permanent resident (New Zealand citizen or classified as 'ordinarily resident in New Zealand') 'N' = Temporary (not a New Zealand citizen, does not have New Zealand 'ordinarily resident' status)
Guide for use	A permanent resident is defined as a person who: - resides in New Zealand and - is not a person to whom Section 7 of the Immigration Act 1987 applies or a person obliged by or pursuant to that Act to leave New Zealand immediately or within a specified time or deemed for the purposes of that Act to be in New Zealand unlawfully.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Sourced from the NHI
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother prioritised ethnicity

Definition	The prioritised ethnicity of the mother (to level 2 ethnicity) at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_prioritised_ethnicity
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	See the Level 2 ethnic code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	A social group whose members have one or more of the following four characteristics: - they share a sense of common origins - they claim a common and distinctive history and destiny - they possess one or more dimensions of collective cultural individuality - they feel a sense of unique collective solidarity. Because ethnicity is self-identified, it can change over time. This is why MOH derives ethnicity from source systems at the time of birth, rather than relying on the data in the National Health Index (which does not include historical data).
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Derived from ethnic codes reported to NMDS birth and postnatal events, LMC Labour & Birth claims and NHI at time of delivery. The 3 highest priority ethnic codes that reach a threshold proportion are stored in the Aggregated Pregnancy table.
Related data	Mother ethnic group Mother ethnicity code 2 Mother ethnicity code 3
Source document	
Source organisation	Statistics NZ

Mother rural/urban status

Definition	The rurual/urban status of the mother's residential address at the time of delivery.
Column name	mother_rural_urban_status
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	Ν
Data domain	0 = Urban 1 = Semi Rural 2 = Rural 3 = Remote Rural
Guide for use	Derived from Mother domicile.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Mother domicile
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Mother TLA Definition The territorial local authority of the mother's residential address at the time of delivery. Column name mother_tla

	lime of delivery.
Column name	mother_tla
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(64)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	XXXX
Data domain	Refer to TLA code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.
Guide for use	Derived from Mother domicile.
	The TLA of domicile roughly equates to local council boundaries. Populated from 1988.
	Derived from the MOH mapping of Domicile code to TLA. No code table exists.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Non-LMC antenatal contacts count

Definition	The total number of non-LMC contacts during the antenatal period.
Column name	non_lmc_antenatal_cont_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	Aggregate value of non-LMC visits.
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Non-LMC urgent postnatal care count

Definition	The total number of non-LMC contacts during the postnatal period.
Column name	non_lmc_urg_postnat_care_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Normal flag	
Definition	A flag indicating that the mother had a spontaneous vertex vaginal birth without obstetric assistance.
Column name	normal_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Spontaneous vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery dype Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Obstetric antenatal admissions count

Definition	The total number of hospital events with an obstetric principal diagnosis during the antenatal period of a pregnancy, excluding the delivery event.
Column name	obstetric_antenat_admits_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	Total obstetric antenatal admissions may include more than one admission for the same woman and includes transfers between facilities but excludes transfers within a facility.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Obstetric postnatal admissions count

Definition	The total number of hospital events with an obstetric principal diagnosis during the postnatal period excluding the delivery event.
Column name	obstetric_postnat_admit_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	Total obstetric postnatal admissions may include more than one admission for the same woman and includes transfers between facilities but excludes transfers within a facility.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Parity count	
Definition	Parity is the number of previous pregnancies that resulted in live births or stillbirths (counting twins or multiple births as one).
Column name	parity_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Demographics
Layout	NN
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	This should include all previous pregnancies including stillbirths. However this number is self-reported and may not be accurate, since the woman may not wish to disclose the full number.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Placenta kept flag

Column nameplacenta_kept_flagTable namefact_mat_agg_pregnancyData typevarchar2(1)Other namesPregnancy.Labour&DeliveryContextPregnancy.Labour&DeliveryLayoutY, N or NullGuide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesSource documentSource documentMOH	Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman kept the placenta following delivery.
Data typevarchar2(1)Other namesPregnancy.Labour&DeliveryLayoutY, N or NullData domainY, N or NullGuide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesSource document	Column name	placenta_kept_flag
Other namesContextPregnancy.Labour&DeliveryLayoutY, N or NullData domainY, N or NullGuide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesYealer of the second s	Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
ContextPregnancy.Labour&DeliveryLayoutY, N or NullData domainY, N or NullGuide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesSource document	Data type	varchar2(1)
LayoutData domainY, N or NullGuide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesCollection methodsRelated dataSource document	Other names	
Data domainY, N or NullGuide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesEnds June 2007.Collection methodsEnds June 2007.Related dataEnds June 2007.Source documentEnds June 2007.	Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Guide for useEnds June 2007.Verification rulesCollection methodsRelated dataSource document	Layout	
Verification rules Collection methods Related data Source document	Data domain	Y, N or Null
Collection methods Related data Source document	Guide for use	Ends June 2007.
Related data Source document	Verification rules	
Source document	Collection methods	
	Related data	
Source organisation MOH	Source document	
	Source organisation	МОН

Plurality

Definition	The number of babies including stillborn babies resulting from a pregnancy.
Column name	plurality
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(12)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(12)
Data domain	Singleton Twin Other multiple Unspecified
Guide for use	An indication as to whether this pregnancy was singleton, twin or multiple birth delivery.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Postnatal admission count

Definition	The total number of hospital events with during the postnatal period excluding the delivery event.
Column name	postnatal_admit_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	Total postnatal admissions may include more than one admission for the same woman and includes transfers between facilities but excludes transfers within a facilty.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery date
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Postpartum haemorrhage flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman sustained a postpartum haemorrhage during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	postpartum_haemorrhage_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Postpartum haemorrhage is identified by selected ICD-10-AM diagnosis codes present on the delivery event.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Preeclampsia/eclampsia flag

Definition	A flag reporting whether the woman was identified as having preeclampsia or eclampsia during any antenatal hospital event or at delivery.
Column name	preeclampsia_eclampsia_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Preeclampsia or eclampsia is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric diagnosis codes present on any antenatal or delivery event.
	Reported via NMDS antenatal and delivery events.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Primipara flag

Definition	A flag indicating a woman who reported no previous pregnancy of greater than 20 weeks
Column name	primipara_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or N
Guide for use	Derived from reported parity
Verification rules	
Collection methods	Reported via claims only
Related data	Parity count
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Prioritised delivery type

Definition	A single prioritised delivery type for the pregnancy derived from ICD-10- AM delivery procedure codes reported to NMDS.
Column name	prioritised_delivery_type
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(20)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(20)
Data domain	The system stores all delivery types associated with the pregnancy and outputs a single type in priority order: 1. Emergency Caesarean 2. Elective Caesarean 3. Breech Extraction 4. Assisted Breech 5. Spontaneous Breech 6. Forceps and Vacuum 7. Forceps 8. Vacuum 9. Normal 10. Not Stated
Guide for use	Though in some multiple births multiple delivery types may be valid, for ease of reporting, a priority order (1 to 10 above) has been used to nominate the primary procedure. NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Emergency caesarean flag Elective caesarean flag Spontaneous breech flag Assisted breech flag Forceps and vacuum flag Forceps flag Vacuum flag Normal flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Referrals to specialist services count

Definition	The number of LMC referrals to specialist services during the postnatal period.
Column name	refs_specialist_services_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Data domain Guide for use	Numeric or Null Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice revisions, use care and consult the Gazette for changes over time.
	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice
Guide for use	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice
Guide for use Verification rules	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice
Guide for use Verification rules Collection methods	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice revisions, use care and consult the Gazette for changes over time.
Guide for use Verification rules Collection methods Related data	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice revisions, use care and consult the Gazette for changes over time.

Smoking status at 2 weeks flag

Definition	The smoking status of a woman 2 weeks following delivery.
Column name	smoking_status_at_2_weeks_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Smoking status at first LMC registration
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Smoking status at first LMC registration

Definition	The smoking status of the woman at first LMC registration.
Column name	smoking_status_first_Imc_reg
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or N
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Specialist anaesthetist consultations count

Definition	The number of specialist anaesthetic referrals during a pregnancy.
Column name	specialist_anaes_cons_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice revisions, use care and consult the Gazette for changes over time.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Specialist obstetric consultations count

Definition	The the number of specialist obstetric referrals during a pregnancy.
Column name	specialist_obs_cons_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	
Data domain	Numeric or Null
Guide for use	Note: specialist services referrals change with subsequent notice revisions, use care and consult the Gazette for changes over time.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Spontaneous breech flag

Definition	A flag indicating a spontaneous breech birth, that is vaginal birth of a baby by the head first followed by the lower limbs without obstetric intervention.
Column name	spontaneous_breech_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	Un-assisted vaginal birth
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.
	NMDS delivery events only
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Standard primipara flag

Definition	A flag indicating a woman who is giving birth for the first time and who meets certain other conditions signifying a low risk pregnancy.
Column name	standard_primipara_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Used to group clinically similar woman.
	Contact Analytical Services for more information.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Parity count Mother age Gestational age Birthweight
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Stillbirths count

Definition	The number of stillbirths resulting from this delivery.
Column name	stillbirths_count
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	X(10)
Data domain	1, 2, 3 or Not Stated
Guide for use	Derived from Delivery outcome
Verification rules	Reported via LMC claims and via NMDS diagnosis codes (ICD-10-AM 'Z37'). The reporting of stillbirths is not verified and should not be used in analysis. Refer to the Mortality Collection for robust reporting of fetal deaths.
Collection methods	
Related data	Delivery outcome
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Supplies claim for non hospital birth flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the LMC claimed homebirth supplies and the delivery was not recorded in NMDS.
Column name	supl_claim_not_hosp_birth_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	For use for homebirth reporting post June 2007 when the 'Birth at Home' tickbox was removed from the Section 88 Notice. This flag uses the LMC 'Homebirth Supplies & Services' claim to approximate intention to birth at home, and uses an NMDS delivery event search to exclude subsequent hospital deliveries from this group.
	Note, this is a proxy only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Homebirth supplies and service claim flag Birth at home flag
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Surgical repair of tear flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether surgical repair of a 3rd or 4th degree perineal tear took place during an NMDS delivery event.
Column name	surgical_repair_of_tear_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	Surgical repair of perineal tear is identified by selected ICD-10-AM obstetric procedure codes present on the delivery event.
	NMDS delivery events only.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	Degree of tear
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Threatened miscarriage/abortion flag

Definition	A flag indicating threatened miscarriage or abortion during a pregnancy.
Column name	threat_miscarriage_abort_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Transfer to secondary care flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether the woman was transferred from LMC care to secondary care during the postnatal period.
Column name	transfer_secondary_care_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal
Layout	A
Data domain	Y, N or Null
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Trimester of transfer to secondary maternity care

Definition	The trimester in which the pregnant woman was transferred from LMC care to secondary care.
Column name	trimest_of_tfr_to_sec_mat_care
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal
Layout	Ν
Data domain	1, if < 15 weeks 2, if >= 15 and < 28 weeks 3, if >= 28 weeks
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Trimester of first LMC registration

Definition	The trimester in which the woman first registered with an LMC.	
Column name	trimester_at_first_Imc_reg	
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy	
Data type	number(1)	
Other names		
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal	
Layout		
Data domain	 LMC Registration in first trimester of pregnancy was only possible from July 2007. Care should be taken when analysing trimester of registration data over the Notice changes. 1 = First trimester 2 = Second trimester 3 = Third trimester 4 = First registration with LMC occurs postnatally 	
Guide for use		
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data	First LMC date registered Estimated delivery date	
Source document		
Source organisation	МОН	

Ultrasounds count

The total number of ultrasounds claimed during the antenatal period of a pregnancy.	
ultrasounds_count	
fact_mat_agg_pregnancy	
number	
Pregnancy.Antenatal	
Numeric or Null	
Primary maternity ultrasounds only.	
See NNPAC for secondary radiology services.	
Radiologists or obstetricians with a Diploma of Diagnostic Ultrasound are allowed to claim for providing ultrasound scans, including nuchal translucency scans, following the referral of the woman by her LMC.	
Ultrasounds claimed under the Section 88 Notice. Excludes secondary care ultrasounds and fully privately funded ultrasounds.	
МОН	

Unregistered woman at delivery flag

Definition	A flag indicating a woman is not registered with an LMC at delivery.
Column name	unreg_woman_at_delivery_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Indicates whether an LMC registration has been submitted with a registration date preceding date of delivery.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Vacuum flag		
Definition	A flag indicating a type of assisted birth where vacuum extraction (ventouse) is required.	
Column name	vacuum_flag	
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy	
Data type	varchar2(1)	
Other names	Assisted vaginal birth	
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery	
Layout	A	
Data domain	Y or Null	
Guide for use	Derived from ICD-10-AM delivery procedure code reported to NMDS.	
	A woman may have more than one delivery type.	
	NMDS delivery events only	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data	Prioritised delivery type Delivery type	
Source document		
Source organisation	МОН	

Vaginal birth post caesarean flag

Definition	A flag indicating where a woman delivered vaginally following a prior (history of) caesarean section delivery.
Column name	vaginal_birth_post_caesar_flag
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	varchar2(1)
Other names	VBAC
Context	Pregnancy.Labour&Delivery
Layout	A
Data domain	Y or Null
Guide for use	Sourced from LMC 'VBAC" claim or from ICD-10-AM obstetric diagnosis code reported to NMDS on the delivery event.
Verification rules	To improve data quality this field is cross checked with any NMDS delivery event and excludes deliveries that are flagged as VBAC but are reported as caesarean sections
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	МОН

Wellchild notified flag

Definition	A flag indicating whether LMC notified Wellchild services of the birth.	
Column name	wellchild_notified_flag	
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy	
Data type	varchar2(1)	
Other names		
Context	Pregnancy.Postnatal	
Layout	A	
Data domain	Y, N or Null	
Guide for use	With consent of the mother, Wellchild services are notified of the birth and subsequent LMC discharge at the end of postnatal LMC care.	
	WellChild is a health care provider that provides health education and support for babies and children as described in the Well Child Tamariki Ora National Schedule produced by the Ministry of Health.	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data		
Source document		
Source organisation	МОН	

Fact MAT Aggregate Ultrasound table

Table name	fact_mat_agg_ultrasound	
Definition		
Primary key	dim_mat_pregnancy_key	
Business key		
Guide for use	Context:	
	Pregnancy. Antenatal	
Relational rules		
Data content		

MAT pregnancy key

Definition	Generated artificial key for the MAT Pregnancy table. Unique identifier of a pregnancy in the Aggregated Pregnancy table derived from delivery date and NHI
Column name	dim_mat_pregnancy_key
Table name	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Data type	number
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Ultrasound reason code

Definition	A code representing the reason why the woman received an ultrasound.	
Column name	ultrasound_reason_code	
Table name	fact_mat_agg_ultrasound	
Data type	varchar2(6)	
Other names		
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal	
Layout		
Data domain	See the Ultrasound Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.	
Guide for use	One ultrasound may have more than one ultrasound reason.	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data	Ultrasound reason description	
Source document		
Source organisation	МОН	

Ultrasound reason description

Definition	Description of the ultrasound reason code	
Column name	ultrasound_reason_description	
Table name	fact_mat_agg_ultrasound	
Data type	varchar2(256)	
Other names		
Context	Pregnancy.Antenatal	
Layout		
Data domain	See the Ultrasound Reason code table on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.	
Guide for use	One ultrasound may have more than one ultrasound reason	
Verification rules		
Collection methods		
Related data	Ultrasound reason code	
Source document		
Source organisation	МОН	

Fact MAT Referral table

Table name	fact_mat_referral
Definition	
Primary key	N/a
Business key	
Guide for use	
Relational rules	
Data content	

Health professional

Definition

Source organisation

Column name	health_professional
Table name	fact_mat_referral
Data type	varchar2(5)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	

Principal reason for referral

The principal reason for the referral, from the list of referral guidelines or the ultrasound indication list
principal_reason_for_refe
fact_mat_referral
varchar2(80)
See Referral Reason code tables on the Ministry of Health web site at http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/47. For further information contact Analytical Services.

Referral date

Definition	Date the referral was made.
Column name	referral_date
Table name	fact_mat_referral
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Referring practitioner registration number

Definition	The provider number of referring service provider
Column name	referring_practitioner_re
Table name	fact_mat_referral
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Referring practitioner type

Definition	A code representing the type of referring service provider
Column name	referring_practitioner_ty
Table name	fact_mat_referral
Data type	varchar2(2)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	A
Data domain	W (i.e. Midwifery council of NZ) N (i.e. Nursing council of NZ) M (i.e. NZ Medical Council)
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Registration number

Definition	The registration number assigned to the practitioner providing the service by either the Medical Council of New Zealand or the Midwifery Council of New Zealand.
Column name	registration_number
Table name	fact_mat_referral
Data type	varchar2(10)
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Fact MAT Registration Table

Table name	fact_mat_registration
Definition	
Primary key	N/a
Business key	
Guide for use	
Relational rules	
Data content	

Registration date

Definition	Date of LMC registration
Column name	registration_date
Table name	fact_mat_registration
Data type	date
Other names	
Context	
Layout	
Data domain	
Guide for use	Applies to first registrations and any changes of registration received.
Verification rules	
Collection methods	
Related data	
Source document	
Source organisation	

Appendix A: Data Dictionary Template

Introduction	This appendix explains how data element attributes are organised in the data dictionary template.
Order of elements	Within the dictionary, elements are organised by table, and then alphabetically. An alphabetical index at the back of the data dictionary (Appendix E) and the graphical data model are intended to assist the user in finding specific elements.

Identifying and defining attributes

Name	A single or multi-word designation assigned to a data element. This appears in the heading for each unique data definition in the Dictionaries.	
Definition	A statement that expresses the essential nature of a data element and its differentiation from all other data elements.	
Column name	The column name of the data element in the table.	
Table name	The name of the table containing the data element.	
Other names	Othe names or previous names for the data element	
Context (optional)	A designation or description of the application environment or discipline in which a name is applied or from which it originates. This attribute may also include the justification for collecting the items and uses of the information.	
Relational and representational attributes		
Data type	The type of field in which a data element is held. For example, character, integer, or numeric.	
Layout	The representational layout of characters in data element values expressed by a character string representation. For example:	
	 'CCYYMDDD' for calendar date 'N' for a one-digit numeric field 'A' for a one-character field 'X' for a field that can hold either a character or a digit, and 	
	- '\$\$\$,\$\$\$,\$\$\$' for data elements about expenditure.	
Data domain	The permissible values for the data element. The set of values can be listed or specified by referring to a code table or code tables, for example, ICD-10-AM 2nd Edition.	
Guide for use (optional)	Additional comments or advice on the interpretation or application of the data element (this attribute has no direct counterpart in the ISO/IEC Standard 11179 but has been included to assist in clarification of issues relating to the classification of data elements). Includes historical information, advice regarding data quality, and alternative names for this data element.	
Verification rules (optional)	The rules and/or instructions applied for validating and/or verifying elements, in addition to the formal edits.	

organisation is not necessarily the organisation responsible for the ongoing

development/maintenance of the data element definition.

Collection methods (optional)	Comments and advice concerning the capture of data for the particular data element, including guidelines on the design of questions for use in collecting information, and treatment of 'not stated' or non-response (this attribute is not specified in the ISO/IEC Standard 11179 but has been added to cover important issues about the actual collection of data).	
Related data (optional)	A reference between the data element and any related data element in the Dictionary, including the type of this relationship. Examples include: 'has been superseded by the data element', 'is calculated using the data element', and 'supplements the data element'.	
Administrative attributes		
Source document (optional)	The document from which definitional or representational attributes originate.	
Source organisation (if available)	The organisation responsible for the source document and/or the development of the data definition (this attribute is not specified in the ISO/IEC Standard 11179 but has been added for completeness). The source	

Appendix B: Glossary

Note:

See the Ministry of Health website for *Appendix B: Glossary* http://www.nzhis.govt.nz/moh.nsf/pagesns/241

Appendix C: Logical to Physical Table Mapping

The following list shows the mapping of the logical, or business, table name to the actual physical table name.

Logical (Business) Table Name	Physical Table Name
dim_mat_bdm_bmm_change_code	dim_mat_bdm_bmm_change_code
MAT Birth	dim_mat_birth
MAT Claim Activity	dim_mat_claim_activity
MAT Claim litem Status	dim_mat_claim_item_status
MAT HBL Provider	dim_mat_hbl_provider
MAT Pregnancy	dim_mat_pregnancy
MAT Pregnancy Stage	dim_mat_pregnancy_stage
MAT Provider Category	dim_mat_provider_category
MAT Provider Occupation	dim_mat_provider_occupation
MAT Provider Type	dim_mat_provider_type
MAT Referral Reason	dim_mat_referral_reason
MAT Service	dim_mat_service
MAT Source System	dim_mat_source_system
Fact MAT Activity	fact_mat_activity
Fact MAT Aggregate Birth	fact_mat_agg_birth
Fact MAT Aggregate Pregnancy	fact_mat_agg_pregnancy
Fact MAT Aggregate Ultrasound	fact_mat_agg_ultrasound
fact_mat_baby_mother_map_hist	fact_mat_baby_mother_map_hist
fact_mat_baby_mother_relation	fact_mat_baby_mother_relation
fact_mat_nmd_event_legal_stats	fact_mat_nmd_event_legal_stats
Fact MAT Referral	fact_mat_referral
Fact MAT Registration	fact_mat_registration

Appendix D: List of Shared Dimensions

Dimension tables are the descriptive or lookup-type tables that link to fact tables. This data mart has a number of shared Dimension tables. The definitions for these dimensions are held in a separate data dictionary called "SHARED Dimensions". The table below lists the shared dimensions within this data mart.

Dimension Table	Description
Age Band table (dim_age_band)	This dimension table contains a record for each age from 0 to 115 years. The ages are also grouped into 5 and 10 year age bands, the GMS age bands and the PHO CBF Bands
Agency Facility table (dim_agency_facility)	This table stores details of organisations, institutions or groups of institutions that contract directly with the principal health service purchaser to deliver healthcare services to the community.
	An agency may have a number of facilities (eg, hospita
Clinical Code table (dim_clinical_code)	A validation table and a repository of all codes contained in: - ICD-9-CM-A 2nd Edition - Australian Version of The International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, 2nd Edition - ICD-10-AM 1st Edition - The International Stati
Country table (dim_country)	This table holds a list of all countries. Used to provide details of the health care user's country of birth.
Diagnosis Type table (dim_diagnosis_type)	This dimension table hold the details of the diagnosis type and the associated diagnosis type description.
DRG table (dim_drg)	Dimension table of Diagnostic Related Groups (DRG).
Ethnicity table (dim_ethnicity)	This reference table lists all ethnic group codes.
Event End Type table (dim_event_end_type)	This table holds values that describe the end type to the HCU event.
Event Type table (dim_event_type)	This table holds values that describe the event type for the HCU event.
Geo table (dim_geo)	This reference table contains a geographical breakdown of New Zealand at the level of Domicile Code . Each row of the table describes a single Domicile Code, and locates it within broader geographical definitions eg DHB.
Global Time table (dim_global_time)	This table contains a record for every day between 1900 and 2050, with descriptive attributes for each day.
HCU Identifiable table (dim_hcu_identifiable)	This dimension table holds identifiable details of Health Care Users e.g.name, address, ethnicity, date of birth, NHI.
Health Specialty table (dim_health_specialty)	A classification describing the specialty or service to which a healthcare user has been assigned, which reflects the nature of the services being provided.
Legal Status table (dim_legal_status)	The legal status of a healthcare user under the appropriate section of the Mental Health (Compulsory Assessment and Treatment) Act 1992, the Alcoholism and Drug Addiction Act 1966, the Intellectual Disability (Compulsory Care and Rehabilitation) Act 2003,

Location table (dim_location)	This table holds details of the location of the facility where the outpatient event took place.	
Occupation table (dim_occupation)	This dimension table holds values for the occupation of the health care user.	
Provider table (dim_provider)	This dimension table contains a list of all healthcare providers recorded in the Healthpac CMS perorg database, and used to support claims payment activities.	
	Providers are identified by a number (Provider Code) allocated by a registration body e.g. Me	
Purchase Unit table (dim_purchase_unit)	The purchase unit (PU) indicates what contract the event is funded under. PUs are in fact a classification system. PUs are a means of quantifying (volume) and valuing (price) a service.	
Purchaser Code table (dim_purchaser_code)	This table holds values that defines the organisation or body that purchased the healthcare service provided.	

Appendix E: Index of Element Names

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Appendix F: Data Model

Contact Analystical Services if you need a copy of the MAT data model.

Appendix G: Collection of Ethnicity data

Introduction	This appendix contains information about collecting and coding ethnic group code data. To help with correct allocations of ethnicities, it includes a detailed list of ethnicities and their corresponding codes.	
Points to remember	 Ethnicity is self-identified and can change over time. The Ministry of Health (MOH) can record up to three ethnic group codes for a healthcare user. An algorithm is used to automatically prioritise ethnic group codes if more than one is reported. If a person chooses not to specify their ethnicity, it should be recorded using a residual code such as '94' (Don't Know), '95' (Refused to Answer) or '99' (Not specified), not as '61' (Other). The NHI database should be updated if a healthcare user provides a more specific or different specific ethnicity than that already held for that person. 	
About ethnicity	The term 'ethnic group' is defined as 'a group of people who have culture, language, history or traditions in common.' Ethnicity is not the same as race, ancestry, or country of birth.	
	Because ethnicity is self-identified, it can change over time. This is why MOH collects ethnicity data whenever information is collected for different datasets, rather than relying on the National Health Index (which does not include historical data).	
	Collecting ethnicity data has always been problematic because of the reluctance of some data providers to collect the information, the unwillingness of some healthcare users to label themselves, and the confusion between ethnicity, nationality, citizenship, and race.	
Purpose	Information about ethnicity is used extensively in planning and resourcing health services, developing and monitoring health policies, and measuring health outcomes.	
Collection of data	It is very important that the ethnicity data from the health sector is collected in the same way as the data in the Census because rates of hospitalisation are calculated by comparing the two datasets (to determine proportions of the population). The 2001 Census question is provided below as a guide.	
	Important: For MOH collections, up to three ethnic group codes can be collected for a healthcare user. Providers should make sure that healthcare users are aware of this. MOH stores all reported ethnic group codes, and also prioritises them based on a Statistics NZ algorithm.	

Which ethnic group do you belong to? Mark the space or spaces that apply to you.
New Zealand European
Māori
Samoan
Cook Island Māori
🔵 Tongan
Niuean
Chinese
🔵 Indian
other (such as DUTCH, JAPANESE,
TOKELAUAN). Please state:

Coding data Use the Classification of Ethnicity table below to code the healthcare user's ethnic group.

If they have ticked one or more specific ethnicities, or if they have ticked 'other' and written in an ethnicity, look on the table to find the code.

If they have written an invalid ethnicity, such as 'Kiwi' or 'Mainlander', which does not map to any item on the code table, or if they have ticked 'other' but not stated an ethnicity, you can:

- discuss this with them and encourage them to choose a valid ethnic group
- ignore it if one or more other ethnicities are provided, or
- code as '99' (Not specified).

If they write 'New Zealander', this can be coded as '11' (New Zealand European).

If they have written 'pakeha', this can be coded as '11' (New Zealand European).

'Not Specified' and 'Other' If a person chooses not to answer the ethnicity question, record their ethnicity response with an appropriate residual code such as '95' (Refused to Answer) or '99' (Not specified).

Important: The code '61' (Other) applied to only 0.037% of the New Zealand population in the 2006 census. It is limited to about 5 ethnic groups (such as Inuit/Eskimos, North, Central or South American Indians, Seychelles Islanders, and Mauritians). It must not be used as a generic 'other' code.

Recording ethnicity as 'Other' or 'Not specified' skews statistics on rates of hospitalisation and this affects health policy. Where possible, encourage healthcare users to choose a valid ethnic group.

Prioritisation of ethnicity Many National Data Collections include Prioritised ethnicity. This is the most highly prioritised ethnicity where multiple ethnicity responses have been recorded for the healthcare user (either submitted with the health event/service or extracted from the NHI as part of the data load process). Priorisation is determined according to a

Statistics NZ algorithm and prioritising ethnic codes simplifies analysis.

Each of the ethnic group codes is prioritised using the mappings in the table below.

Ethnic code	Ethnic code description	Priority
10	European not further defined	21
11	New Zealand European / Pakeha	22
12	Other European	20
21	Maori	1
30	Pacific Peoples not further defined	9
31	Samoan	7
32	Cook Island Maori	6
33	Tongan	5
34	Niuean	4
35	Tokelauan	2
36	Fijian	3
37	Other Pacific Peoples	8
40	Asian not further defined	14
41	Southeast Asian	10
42	Chinese	12
43	Indian	11
44	Other Asian	13
51	Middle Eastern	17
52	Latin American / Hispanic	15
53	African (or cultural group of African origin)	16
54	Other (retired on 01/07/2009)	19
61	Other Ethnicity	18
94	Don't Know	94
95	Refused to Answer	95
97	Response Unidentifiable	97
99	Not stated	99

Detailed code
tableThe codes used to report ethnicity to MOH are taken from the Statistics
NZ Statistical Standard for Ethnicity 2005. This classification is a very
detailed 5-digit code: only the first two digits (shown in the table below)
are reported to MOH.

Use this table to code healthcare user's self-identified ethnicities.

MOH Ethnicity code	Country of Ethnicity Affiliation
37	Admiralty Islander
44	Afghani
53	African American
53	African nec
53	African nfd
12	Afrikaner
32	Aitutaki Islander
12	Albanian
51	Algerian
12	American (US)
51	Arab
52	Argentinian
12	Armenian
44	Asian nec
40	Asian nfd
51	Assyrian
32	Atiu Islander
37	Austral Islander
12	Australian
37	
37 12	Australian Aboriginal Austrian
37	Banaban
44	Bangladeshi
37	Belau/Palau Islander
12	Belgian
12	Belorussian
43	Bengali
37	Bismark Archipelagoan
52	Bolivian
12	Bosnian
37	Bougainvillean
52	Brazilian
12	British nec
12	British nfd
12	Bulgarian
12	Burgher
41	Burmese
12	Byelorussian
41	Cambodian
42	Cambodian Chinese
12	Canadian
37	Caroline Islander
12	Celtic nfd
61	Central American Indian
37	Chamorro
12	Channel Islander
52	Chilean
42	Chinese nec
42	Chinese nfd
52	Colombian
32	Cook Island Maori nfd
12	Cornish
12	Corsican
52	Costa Rican
Drintee	

MOH Ethnicity code	Collection of Ethnicity data Country of Ethnicity Affiliation
52	Creole (Latin America)
53	Creole (US)
12	Croat/Croatian
12	Cypriot nfd
12	Czech
12	Dalmatian
12	Danish
12	Dutch/Netherlands
37	Easter Islander
52	Ecuadorian
51	Egyptian
12	English
53	Eritrean
12	Estonian
53	Ethiopian
44	Eurasian
10	European nfd
12	Falkland Islander/Kelper
36	Fijian (except Fiji Indian/
	Indo-Fijian)
43	Fijian Indian/Indo-Fijian
41	Filipino
12	Finnish
12	Flemish
12	French
12	Gaelic
37	Gambier Islander
12	German
53	Ghanian
12	Greek (incl Greek Cypriot)
12	Greenlander
37	Guadalcanalian
37	Guam Islander/Chamorro
52	Guatemalan
43	Gujarati
52	Guyanese
37	Hawaiian
52	Honduran
42	Hong Kong Chinese
12	Hungarian
12	Icelander
37	I-Kiribati/Gilbertese
43	Indian nec
43	Indian nfd
41	Indonesian (incl Javanese/
	Sundanese/Sumatran)
61	Inuit/Eskimo
51	Iranian/Persian
51	Iraqi
12	Irish
51	Israeli/Jewish/Hebrew
12	Italian
53	Jamaican

MOH Ethnicity code	Country of Ethnicity Affiliation
51	Jordanian
42	Kampuchean Chinese
37	Kanaka/Kanak
53	Kenyan
41	Khmer/Kampuchean/ Cambodian
44	Korean
51	Kurd
41	Lao/Laotian
52	Latin American/Hispanic nec
52	Latin American/Hispanic nfd
12	Latvian
51	Lebanese
51	Libyan
12	Lithuanian
12	Macedonian
37	Malaitian
41	Malay/Malayan
42	Malaysian Chinese
12	Maltese
52	Malvinian (Spanish- speaking Falkland Islander)
32	Mangaia Islander
32	Manihiki Islander
37	Manus Islander
12	Manx
37	Marianas Islander
37	Marquesas Islander
37	Marshall Islander
32	Mauke Islander
61	Mauritian
52	Mexican
51	Middle Eastern nec
51	Middle Eastern nfd
32	Mitiaro Islander
51	Moroccan
37	Nauru Islander
44	Nepalese
37	New Britain Islander
12	New Caledonian
37	New Georgian
37	New Irelander
11	New Zealander
11	New Zealand European
21	New Zealand Maori
52	Nicaraguan
53	Nigerian
34	Niuean
61	North American Indian
12	Norwegian
99	Not Specified
37	Ocean Islander/Banaban
51	Omani
L	

MOH Ethnicity	Collection of Ethnicity data Country of Ethnicity Affiliation	
code		
12	Orkney Islander	
53	Other African nec	
44	Other Asian nec	
12	Other European	
61	Other nec	
61	Other nfd	
41	Other Southeast Asian nec	
37	Pacific Peoples nec	
30	Pacific Peoples nfd	
44	Pakistani	
51	Palestinian	
32	Palmerston Islander	
52	Panamanian	
37	Papuan/New Guinean/Irian	
57	Jayan	
52	Paraguayan	
32	Penrhyn Islander	
52	Peruvian	
37	Phoenix Islander	
37	Pitcairn Islander	
12	Polish	
12	Portuguese	
52	Puerto Rican	
32	Pukapuka Islander	
43	Punjabi	
32	Rakahanga Islander	
32	Rarotongan	
12	Romanian/Rumanian	
12		
	Romany/Gypsy	
37	Rotuman/Rotuman Islander	
12	Russian	
31	Samoan	
37	Santa Cruz Islander	
12	Sardinian	
12	Scottish (Scots)	
12	Serb/Serbian	
61	Seychelles Islander	
12	Shetland Islander	
43	Sikh	
42	Singaporean Chinese	
44	Sinhalese	
12	Slavic/Slav	
12	Slovak	
12	Slovene/Slovenian	
37	Society Islander (including	
07	Tahitian)	
37	Solomon Islander	
53	Somali	
61	South African coloured	
12	South African nec	
61	South American Indian	
12	South Slav (formerly Yugoslav groups) nfd	
12	South Slav (formerly	

MOH Ethnicity code	Country of Ethnicity Affiliation	
	Yugoslav) nec	
41	Southeast Asian nfd	
12	Spanish	
44	Sri Lankan nec	
44	Sri Lankan nfd	
44	Sri Lankan Tamil	
12	Swedish	
12	Swiss	
51	Syrian	
42	Taiwanese Chinese	
37	Tahitian (including Society Islander)	
43	Tamil	
41	Thai/Tai/Siamese	
44	Tibetan	
35	Tokelauan	
33	Tongan	
37	Torres Strait Islander/Thursday Islander	
37	Tuamotu Islander	
51	Tunisian	
51	Turkish (incl Turkish Cypriot)	
37	Tuvalu Islander/Ellice Islander	
53	Ugandan	
12	Ukrainian	
52	Uruguayan	
37	Vanuatu Islander/New Hebridean	
52	Venezuelan	
41	Vietnamese	
42	Vietnamese Chinese	
37	Wake Islander	
37	Wallis Islander	
12	Welsh	
53	West Indian/Caribbean	
37	Yap Islander	
51	Yemeni	
12	Zimbabwean	
nfd = Not	further defined	

nec = Not elsewhere classified

Appendix H: Health Event fields on Fact MAT Activity table

The health event fields on the Fact MAT Activity table are listed below. Please refer to the National Minimum Datat Set (NMDS) Data Dictionary for definitions of these fields.

Fields with prefix 'dp' are from the Diagnosis/Procedure table while those with prefix 'he' are from the Health Event table.

Column Name	Name
dp_batch_id	Batch ID
dp_clinical_code	Clinical code
dp_clinical_code_system	Clinical coding system ID
dp_clinical_code_type	Clinical code type
dp_diagnosis_description	Diagnosis/procedure description
dp_diagnosis_number	Diagnosis number
dp_diagnosis_sequence	Diagnosis sequence
dp_diagnosis_type	Diagnosis type
dp_diagnosis_type_sequence	Diagnosis type sequence
dp_dim_clinical_code_key	
dp_dim_diagnosis_type_key	
dp_dim_event_end_date_key	
dp_dim_event_start_date_key	
dp_dim_procedure_acc_date_key	
dp_dim_submitted_coding_s_key	
dp_event_end_date	Event end datetime
dp_event_id	Event ID
dp_event_start_date	Event start datetime
dp_he_event_end_date	Event end datetime
dp_he_event_start_date	Event start datetime
dp_private_hospital_flag	Private hospital flag
dp_procedure_acc_date	Procedure ACC date
dp_procedure_acc_date_flag	Procedure ACC date flag
dp_submitted_system_id	Submitted system ID
dp_transaction_id	Transaction ID
he_acc_claim_number	ACC claim number
he_accident_flag	Accident flag
he_admission_source_code	Admission source code
he_admission_type	Admission type code
he_age_at_admission	Age at admission
he_age_at_discharge	Age at discharge
he_age_of_mother	Age of mother
he_agency_code	Agency code
he_batch_id	Batch ID
he_birth_status	Birth status

Column Name	Name
he_birth_weight	Birth weight
he_ccl	Complication/co-morbidity class level
he_client_system_identifier	Client system identifier
he_cost_weight	Cost weight
he_cost_weight_code	Cost weight code
he_country_code	Country of birth code
he_date_of_birth	Date of birth
he date of birth flag	Date of birth flag
he_date_psychiatric_leave_ends	Psychiatric leave end date
he_date_surgery_decided	Date surgery decided
he_dim_admission_age_key	
he_dim_admission_source_key	
he_dim_admission_type_key	
he_dim_affiliation_key	
he_dim_birth_date_key	
he_dim_birth_location_key	
he_dim_country_key	
he_dim_discharge_age_key	
he_dim_drg_key	
he_dim_drg_v31_key	
he_dim_event_agency_key	
he_dim_event_end_date_key	
he_dim_event_end_type_key	
he_dim_event_facility_from_key	
he_dim_event_facility_key	
he_dim_event_facility_to_key	
he_dim_event_facility_type_key	
he_dim_event_start_date_key	
he_dim_event_type_key	
he_dim_exclu_purchase_uni_key	
he_dim_first_consult_date_key	
he_dim_geo_key	
he_dim_health_care_user_key	
he_dim_health_specialty_key	
he_dim_last_updated_date_key	
he_dim_mothers_age_key	
he_dim_nz_drg_key	
he_dim_occupation_key	
he_dim_psych_lv_end_date_key	
he_dim_psych_lv_end_type_key	
he_dim_purchase_unit_key	
he_dim_purchaser_code_key	
he_dim_referral_date_key	

Column Name	Name
he_dim_surg_decided_date_key	Name
he_domicile_code	Domicile Code
he_drg_code_current	DRG code current
he_drg_code_v30	DRG code version 3.0
he_drg_code_v31	DRG code version 3.1
he_drg_grouper_type	DRG grouper type code
he_ethnic_code	Ethnic code
he_ethnic_code_2	Ethnic code 2
he_ethnic_code_3	Ethnic code 3
he_event_elapsed_timeinminutes	Event elapsed time in minutes
he_event_encrypted_hcu_id	Encrypted NHI number
he_event_end_date	Event end datetime
he_event_end_type	Event end type code
he_event_extra_information	
he_event_id	Event extra information Event ID
he_event_leave_days	Event leave days
he_event_local_id	Event local ID
he_event_start_date	Event start datetime
he_event_type	Event type
he_exclu_purchase_unit	Excluded purchase unit
he_facility_code	Facility code
he_facility_transfer_from	Facility transfer from
he_facility_transfer_to	Facility transfer to
he_facility_type	Facility type
he_financial_year	Financial year
he_first_consult_date	First consult date
he_gender_code	Gender code
he_gestation_period	Gestation period
he_health_specialty_code	Health specialty code
he_hours_on_cpap	Total hours on continuous positive airway pressure
he_hours_on_ventilation	Total hours on mechanical ventilation
he_last_updated_date	Date updated
he_length_of_stay	Length of stay
he_location_code	Birth location
he_mdc_code	Major diagnostic category (MDC) code
he_mdc_type	Major diagnostic category (MDC) type
he_month_of_data	Month of data
he_mothers_encrypted_hcu_id	Mother's encrypted NHI
he_nz_drg_code	NZ DRG code current
he_nz_resident_flag	NZ resident status
he_occupation_code	Occupation code
he_occupation_free_text	Occupation free-text
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Column Name	Name
he_pccl	Patient clinical complexity level
he_pms_unique_identifier	PMS unique identifier
he_principal_diag_06_clin_code	Diagnosis type
he_principal_diag_10_clin_code	Diagnosis type
he_principal_diag_11_clin_code	Diagnosis type
he_principal_diag_12_clin_code	Diagnosis type
he_principal_diag_13_clin_code	Diagnosis type
he_prioritised_ethnic_code	Prioritised ethnicity
he_private_hospital_flag	Private flag
he_psychiatric_leave_end_type	Psychiatric leave end code
he_public_birth	Public birth
he_purchase_unit	Purchase unit
he_purchaser_code	Principal health service purchaser
he_referral_date	Referral date
he_suppression_flag	Event summary suppress flag
he_surgical_priority	Surgical priority
he_tla	TLA of domicile
he_total_icu_hours	Total intensive care unit (ICU) Hours
he_total_niv_hours	Total hours on non-invasive ventilation
he_transaction_id	Transaction ID
he_weight_on_admission	Weight on admission
he_year_of_data	Year of data