## **Healthy Ageing Strategy**

Priority actions for implementation 2019–22

#### **AGEING WELL**

### Te pai o ngātau o te kaumātuatanga



- 1. Develop and support the growth of age-friendly communities.
- 1d Actively supporting communities to become age-friendly and to consider the needs of people with dementia.

Implementing this action during 2019-2022 involves:

- determining best practice for monitoring and evaluating age-friendly communities, and the appropriate measures that can be used at a national level to measure success of the Age-friendly New Zealand programme
- implementing the Disability Action Plan, 2019-2022.

**LEAD:** Office for Seniors

**KEY PARTNERS:** National, regional and local councils; non-governmental organisations (NGOs); older people; and other community members

3g Develop a safer, more accessible transport system which encourages healthy, active travel.

**LEAD:** Ministry of Transport

- 2. Increase physical and mental resilience.
- 2a Provide strength and balance programmes to older people at risk of falls.

Implementing this action during 2019-2022 involves:

- providing strength and balance programmes nationally as consistent with local population needs as part of
  the falls prevention partnership between the Accident Compensation Corporation (ACC), the Health Quality
  & Safety Commission, the Ministry of Health and District Health Boards (DHBs), targeted to people identified
  at risk of a fall (primary prevention) and those who have had a harmful fall and are at risk of another fall
  (secondary prevention)
- · supporting consistent outcome measurement and using the ACC Dashboard to inform service evaluation.

**LEADS:** ACC/DHBs

KEY PARTNERS: Health Quality & Safety Commission, Ministry of Health

2b Expand provision of health literacy and health promotion including for Māori, Pacific peoples and vulnerable groups.

Implementing this action during 2019-2022 involves

• aligning with outputs from the Better Later Life He Oranga Kaumātua 2019-2034 strategy.

**LEAD:** DHBs

**KEY PARTNERS:** Health Promotion Agency, NGOs



# 3. Work across government on the socioeconomic determinants of health to prevent harm, illness and disability and improve people's safety and independence.

#### 3a Coordinate assistance to socially isolated and vulnerable people.

Implementing this action during 2019-2022 involves:

- accessing available research on social isolation in New Zealand and overseas
- developing options through a collaborative approach with cross-sector and consumer representation
- aligning with outputs from the Better Later Life He Oranga Kaumātua 2019-2034 strategy.

**LEAD:** Ministry of Social Development

KEY PARTNERS: DHBs, other government agencies, Primary Health Organisations (PHOs), NGOs

#### 3b Work with the Family Violence and Sexual Violence Work Programme to address elder abuse.

**LEADS:** Ministry of Social Development, Ministry of Justice

**KEY PARTNER:** Ministry of Health

#### 3d Identify and progress options to improve housing options for older people.

Implementing this action during 2019-2022 involves:

- building on Ministry of Social Development work already underway on housing choices and options
- consideration of options that overlap or align with actions from the *Better Later Life* He Oranga Kaumātua 2019-2034 strategy.

**LEAD:** Ministry of Social Development/Ministry of Housing and Urban Development

#### 3f Promote volunteering to support social connection.

Implementing this action during 2019-2022 involves:

- · using existing research to inform a range of approaches for sharing across the sector
- consideration of options that overlap or align with actions from the *Better Later Life* He Oranga Kaumātua 2019-2034 strategy.

**LEAD:** Ministry of Social Development

